

mineral resources

Department: Mineral Resources **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

APPLICATION FORM FOR

AUTHORISATIONS IN TERMS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998 AND THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WASTE ACT, 2008 IN RESPECT OF LISTED ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE BEEN TRIGGERED BY APPLICATIONS IN TERMS OF THE MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2002 (MPRDA) (AS AMENDED).

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Kindly note that:

- 1. As from 8 December 2014, this document serves as the application form, and incorporates the requisite documents that are to be submitted together with the application for the necessary environmental authorisations in terms of the said Acts.
- 2. This application form is applicable while the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Amendment Act of 2008 is in effect, as the form may require amendment should the Act be further amended.
- 3. Applicants are required to apply for the necessary water use licence and any other authorisations nor licences to the relevant competent authorities as required by the relevant legislation. Upon acceptance of an application for a right or permit in terms of the MPRDA, applicants will be required to provide evidence to the Regional Manager that a water use licence has been applied for.
- 4. The Regional Manager will respond to the application and provide the reference and correspondence details of the Competent Authority, and in the event that the application for a right or permit is accepted, together with the date by which the relevant environmental reports must be submitted. Notwithstanding anything that may appear to be stated to the contrary in the acceptance letter, the timeframes are in fact aligned and the prescribed timeframes for the submission of documents as regulated by the NEMA regulations must be strictly adhered to.
- 5. The application must be typed within the spaces provided in the form. The sizes of the spaces provided are not necessarily indicative of the amount of information to be provided. Spaces are provided in tabular format and will extend automatically when each space is filled with typing.
- 6. The failure to submit complete information as required in this application form may result in the refusal of the application for an environmental authorisation and consequently of the right or permit applied for.
- 7. This application must be submitted through the SAMRAD online application system of the Department of Mineral Resources under "Other documents to upload".
- 8. Unless protected by law, all information filled in on this application form will become public information on receipt by the competent authority. Any interested and affected party should and shall be provided with the information contained in this application on request, during any stage of the application process.
- 9. Please note that an application fee is payable in terms of the National Environmental Management Act and the National Waste Management Act, which fees must be paid upon lodgement of the application. Should the said application fees not be paid as prescribed the application for a right or permit in terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act cannot be considered to have been made in the prescribed manner and the said application for a right or permit will have to be rejected. In this regard the type of applications must be identified in the table below.

ENVIRONMENTAL

PLEASE STATE TYPE OF AUTHORISATIONS BEING APPLIED FOR.

APPLICATION TYPE	APPLICABLE FEE	Mark with an X where applicable
NEMA S&EIR application on its own	R10 000.00	
NEMA BAR application on its own	R 2 000.00	\square
NEMWA S&EIR application on its own	R10 000.00	
NEMWA BAR application on its own	R 2 000.00	
NEMA S&EIR application combined with NEMWA S&EIR application	R 15 000.00	
NEMA BAR application combined with NEMWA BAR application	R 3 000.00	
NEMA S&EIR application combined with NEMWA BAR application	R 11 000.00	

1. CONSULTATION BASIC ASSESSMENT AND/ OR SCOPING REPORT

CONSULTATION BASIC ASSESSMENT PROCESS

2. DETAILS OF THE APPLICANT

Project applicant:	Tip Trans Resources (Pty) Ltd		
Registration no (if any):	2006/001713/07		
Trading name (if any):	Tip Trans Resources (Pty) Ltd		
Responsible Person, (e.g.	Mr. Pieter Visser		
Director, CEO, etc).:			
Contact person:	Mr. Pieter Visser		
Physical address:	Tip Trans Resources, Klipheuwel Park, Malmesbury Road R302, Klipheuwel,		
	7300		
Postal address:	P.O. Box 272, Moorreesburg		
Postal code: 7310 Cell: 082 553 3		082 553 3240	
Telephone:	021 971 1404	Fax:	086 506 1009
E-mail:	pietervisser@tiptranscape.co.za		

3. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PRACTITIONER (EAP) INFORMATION

EAP:	Mr Nicolaas Hanekom		
Professional	SACNASP Pri.Sci.Nat (Ecological Sci	ence) 400274/11.	
affiliation/registration:			
Contact person (if different from	Nicolaas Hanekom		
EAP):			
Company:	Eco Impact Legal Consulting (Pty) Ltd		
Physical address:	3rd floor Mariendahl House, cnr Main and Campground Roads, Claremont		
Postal address:	P.O Box 45070, Claremont, South Africa		
Postal code:	7735	Cell:	0769636450
Telephone:	021 6711 660	Fax:	021 671 9976
E-mail:	admin@ecoimpact.co.za		

If an EAP has not been appointed please ensure that an independent EAP is appointed as stipulated by the NEMA Regulations, prior to the commencement of the process.

The declaration of independence and the Curriculum Vitae (indicating the experience with environmental impact assessment and relevant application processes) of the EAP must also be attached as **Appendix 1**.

Nicolaas Hanekom is a registered Professional Natural Scientist (Ecology) with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions ("SACNASP") and a qualified Environmental Assessment Practitioner ("EAP") who holds a Masters Technologiae, Nature Conservation ("Vegetation Ecology and Biodiversity Assessment") degree from the Cape Peninsula University of Technology. He further qualified in Environmental Management Systems ISO 14001:2004, at the Centre for Environmental Management, North-West University, as well as Environmental Management Systems ISO 14001:2004 Audit: Internal Auditors Course to ISO 19011:2003 level, from the Centre for Environmental Management, North-West University qualifying him to audit to ISO/SANS environmental compliance and EMS standards.

Nicolaas has presented lectures in two subjects at the Cape Peninsula University of Technology. He has 24 years of environmental planning experience, working for Free State and Western Cape departments of environmental affairs, where he reviewed and commented on development (EIA) and mine permit or right applications in the West Coast Region.

He has also been involved in the implementation of numerous environmental management programmes and systems, environmental auditing, environmental impacts for environmental authorizations, mine rights and permits, waste licenses, Atmospheric Emissions Licenses, applications for water use authorizations and management and rectification of environmental impacts on sites and facilities (Refer to **Appendix 1** for CV).

Farm Name:	Remainder Sandvlei no 1020, Division Malmesbury
Application area (Ha)	5 Ha
Magisterial district:	Malmesbury
Distance and direction from	The property is located approximately 23km to the south-east of Moorreesburg, within
nearest town	the jurisdiction of Swartland Municipality.
	The property can be accessed from Moorreesburg via Divisional road 1161 which connects to Gouda, or Divisional road 1158 which connects to Riebeek Kasteel.
21 digit Surveyor General	C0460000000102000000
Code for each farm portion	
Locality map	Attach a locality map at a scale not smaller than 1:250000 and attach as
	Appendix 2
Description of the overall	
activity.	Mining permit to mine sand on a 5ha area.
(Indicate Mining Right,	
Mining Permit, Prospecting	
right, Bulk Sampling,	
Production Right,	
Exploration Right,	
Reconnaisance permit,	
Technical co-operation	
permit, Additional listed	
activity)	

4. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

5. ACTIVITIES TO BE AUTHORISED

(Please provide copies of Environmental Authorisations obtained for the same property as Appendix 3). NA

(For an application for authorisation indicated. Please ensure that involves more than one listed activity that, together, make up one development proposal, all the listed activities pertaining to this application must be included. Note that any authorisation that may result from this application will only cover activities specifically applied for).(Attach a proposed site plan, drawn to a scale acceptable to the competent Authority, showing the location of all the activities to be applied for, as **Appendix 4**)

Site plan attached under Appendix 4

NAME OF ACTIVITY	Aerial extent	LISTED	APPLICABLE	WASTE
	of the	ACTIVITY	LISTING	MANAGEMENT
	Activity		NOTICE	AUTHORISATION
	Ha or m ²			
(E.g. For prospecting - drill site, site camp, ablution facility, accommodation, equipment storage, sample storage, site office, access route etcetc E.g. for mining,- excavations, blasting, stockpiles, discard dumps or dams, Loading, hauling and transport, Water supply dams and boreholes, accommodation, offices, ablution, stores, workshops, processing plant, storm water control, berms, roads, pipelines, power lines, conveyors, etcetcetc.)		(Mark with an X where applicable or affected).	(GNR 983, GNR 984 or GNR 985)	(Indicate whether an authorisation is required in terms of the Waste Management Act). (Mark with an X)
Mining - excavation of sand on an area of 5ha	5Ha	Х	GNR 983, Activity no. 21	NA
Mining closure. The decommissioning of the 5ha mine area	5Ha	Х	GNR 983, Activity no. 22	NA
Mining - excavation of sand on an area of 5ha will result in the clearing of Atlantis Sand Fynbos – Conservation status classified as Endangered. The vegetation and impact area is degraded and used for agricultural grazing, but the soil surface was not ploughed, planted or tilled the last 10 years.	5Ha	X	GNR 983, Activity no. 27	NA
Mining - excavation of sand on an area of 5ha	5Ha	Х	GNR 983, Activity no. 28	NA
Mining - excavation of building silica sand on an area of 5ha will result in the clearing of Atlantis Sand Fynbos – Conservation status classified as Endangered. The vegetation and impact area is degraded and used for agricultural grazing, but the soil surface was not ploughed, planted or tilled the last 10 years.	5Ha	X	GNR 985, Activity no. 12	NA

6. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

(Provide details of the public participation process proposed for the application as required by Regulation.

Details of the Public Participation process to be followed.

6.1.1. IDENTIFICATION OF INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTIES TO BE CONSULTED

IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA		Mark with an X where applicable	
		YES	<u>NO</u>
Will the landowner be specifically consulted?		Х	NA
Will the lawful occupier on the property other than	the Landowner be consulted?	Х	NA
Will a tribal authority or host community that may b	be affected be consulted?	NA	Х
Will recipients of land claims in respect of the area	be consulted?	NA	Х
Will the landowners or lawful occupiers of neighbo	uring properties been identified?	Х	NA
Will the local municipality be consulted?		Х	NA
Will the Authority responsible for power lines within 100 metres of the area be consulted?		NA	Х
Will Authorities responsible for public roads or railway lines within 100 metres of the area		NA	X
applied for be consulted?			
Will authorities responsible for any other infrastructure within 100 metres of the area applied for be consulted? (Specify) TRANSNET. Railway Line within 100m from Mine area		Х	NA
Will the Provincial Department responsible for the environment be consulted?		Х	NA
Will all of the parties identified above be provided with a description of the proposed mining		Х	NA
/prospecting operation as referred above?			
Will all the parties identified above be requested in writing to provide information as to how		Х	NA
their interests (whether it be socio-economic, cultural, heritage or environmental) will be			
affected by the proposed mining project?			
Other, Specify NA			

6.1.2. DETAILS OF THE ENGAGEMENT PROCESS TO BE FOLLOWED

Steps to be taken to notify interested	PROVIDE DESCRIPTION HERE
and affected parties(Describe the	Potential I&APs will be notified about the project by:
process to be undertaken to consult	 Fixing a notice board at the boundary of the site in compliance with the
interested and affected parties including	Regulations. All relevant and required information to be displayed on
public meetings and one on one	the notice board. The notice board will contain the following minimum
consultations. NB the affected parties	information (Size of Board 70 x 50 cm):
must be specifically consulted	 how to register as an interested and affected party;
regardless of whether or not they	 the manner in which representations on the application may be
attended public meetings. Photographs	made;
of notice boards, and copies of	\circ where further information on the application or activity can be
advertisements and notices notifying	obtained; and
potentially interested and affected	 the contact details of the person(s) to whom representations may
parties of the proposed application must	be made.
be attached as Appendix)	 The fact that the public participation process had commenced, that
	a basic assessment process will be followed, the dates within which
	they can register or send comments and what the proposed activity
	constituted, was displayed.
	 Placing an advertisement in a local newspaper in compliance with the
	Regulations. An advert will be place in the local newspaper notifying the
	public of the proposed development and inviting them to register as
	Interested and Affected Parties within 30 days.

Information to be provided to Interested and Affected Parties.	 Notices will be sent via registered mail to the owners and occupiers of land on and adjacent to the site where the activity is to be undertaken. The notice will request them to register as Interested and Affective Parties (I&APs) and invite them to provide written comments together with their name, contact details and an indication of any direct business, financial, personal or other interest which they have in the application to the contact person within 30 days from the date of the notice. Registered Interested and Affected Parties and key departments are afforded a 30 day commenting period on the Draft BAR, Application, EMP and Closure/Rehabilitation Plan. The comments are recorded and the EAP (specialists) respond to the comments and compile the comments and response report where after it is submitted to DMR for a decision. Compulsory The site plan. List of activities to be authorised Scale and extent of activities to be authorised (e.g.surface disturbance, dust, noise, drainage, fly rock etc.) The duration of the activity. Sufficient detail of the intended operation to enable them to assess what impact the activities will have on them or on the use of their land)
	Other, specify: None
Information to be required from Interested and Affected Parties.	 Compulsory To provide information on how they consider that the proposed activities will impact on them or their socio-economic conditions To provide written responses stating their suggestions to mitigate the anticipated impacts of each activity To provide information on current land uses and their location within the area under consideration To provide information on the location of environmental features on site to make proposals as to how and to what standard the impacts on site can be remedied. requested to make written proposals To mitigate the potential impacts on their socio economic conditions to make proposals as to how the potential impacts on their infrastructure can be managed, avoided or remedied). Other, Specify None

7. Description of the assessment process to be undertaken

ITEM	DESCRIPTION
Environmental attributes.	The environmental attributes associated with the development footprint will be determined
Describe how the	through review of existing information and a site visit to the property where consideration
Environmental attributes	was given to the existing environment and impacts of sensitive areas. The nature, extent,
associated with the	duration, probability and significance of environmental impacts are ranked based
development footprint will	according to the impact it has on the identified sensitive environment.
be determined.	

Identification of impacts	Considering the baseline environment, all proposed activities will be evaluated against
and risks. (Describe the	the environmental attributes (provisional list provided below but will be finalised based on
process that will be used	above process) to identify potential impacts / risks. These impacts / risks will be subject
to identify impacts and	to a screening process and classified as either insignificant, uncertain, or potentially
risks.	significant impacts / risks.
	Environmental Attributes:
	 Aesthetics / Visual effects
	Sites of heritage & cultural interest
	Air Quality
	Soil
	 Ecology / Fauna and Flora
	Socio-economic considerations
	Geological features
	Surface water
	Ground water
	Topography Naire / Cound loude
	Noise / Sound levels
	Vibration Sensitive recentere
Consideration of	 Sensitive receptors The EIA Regulations, 2014 require that all EIA processes must identify and describe
alternatives. Describe how	"alternatives to the proposed activity that are feasible and reasonable". Different types or
alternatives, and in	categories of alternatives can be identified, e.g. location alternatives, type of activity,
particular the alternatives	design or layout alternatives, technology alternatives and operational alternatives. The
to the proposed site layout	"No-Go" or "No Project" alternatives must also be considered.
and possible alternative	
methods or technology to	A number of alternatives will be considered during preliminary mine planning. These
be applied will be	alternatives, as well as reasons for their exclusion from further consideration, will be
determined.	summarised in the reports. Mine layouts alternatives will take environmental sensitivities
	into account in considering the proposed mining footprint. The mine footprint will be
	identified using the pre-mining land capability as per the South African Chamber of Mines
	(1991) guidelines.
	In the case of this sand mine, the identification of feasible alternatives is severely
	constrained by a number of factors, including:
	 The location of the sand deposit on the property and the existing agriculture
	infrastructure and farming operations on the property
	• The specific mining footprints within the application properties take account of
	environmental constraints identified during the Impact Assessment Phase described
	above
	 Mining footprints will be carefully considered from a biophysical perspective, given
	the nature of open cast / strip mining, mine layout and phasing alternatives are not
	expected to have any meaningful consequence with respect to environmental
	impacts;
	 The mine area will be mined using existing, accepted sand mining methods and therefore no technology or process alternatives will be considered; and
	therefore no technology or process alternatives will be considered; and
	 Given the nature of open cast / strip mining, alternative physical mining technologies are not expected to have any meaningful implications for environmental impacts.
Process to assess and	are not expected to have any meaningful implications for environmental impacts. Following the screening process described above, a ranking tool will be used to rank the
rank impacts. Describe the	significance of the effects of the impact / risk. This tool is a quantitative manner of
process to be undertaken	investigating, assessing and evaluating the potential impacts of the proposed activity on
to identify, assess and	the environment, socio-economic conditions and cultural heritage.
rank the impacts and risks	
each individual activity.	ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY
saon marviadai dolivity.	

	 For each impact, the EXTENT (spatial scale), MAGNITUDE (size or degree scale) and DURATION (time scale) are used to ascertain the SIGNIFICANCE of the impact, firstly in the case of no mitigation and then with the most effective mitigation measure(s) in place. RISK MANAGEMENT The utilisation of materials sources is in essence about the management of assets and risk, and hence, the approach adopted for the compilation of the EMP is founded on a risk management philosophy. Risk management is best described as the process of measuring/ assessing risk and then developing strategies to address the identified risks. As such, it represents a logical and systematic approach to the identification, analysis, assessment, treatment, monitoring, and communication of the risks inherent to the use of material sources. The risk assessment tool that will be used is based upon the International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO), ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines, and represents a systematic and proven process consisting of the following key steps: Establish the context to clarify the scope of the risk assessment process; Identify the potential risks; Evaluate the identified risks to determine the probability of a risk occurring and its consequence; Map the identified risks to compared them against criteria for treatment; and Develop appropriate risk treatments or mitigation measures. In terms of the M&PRDA, the mining right/permit holder liability for a particular material source persists until such time as a Closure Certificate has been issued by DMR. An advantage of the risk assessment approach detailed here is that it links in well with the legal requirements related to closure, specifically the requirements for the completion of an Environmental Risk Report as part of closure applications. 	
Contribution of specialist reports Describe how specialist reports, if required, will be taken into consideration and inform the impact identification, assessment and remediation process.	No specialist reports are anticipated. Botanical specialist inputs will be recorded directly into the BAR/EMP report.	
Determination of impact management objectives and outcomes. Describe how impact management objectives will be determined for each activity to address the potential impact at source, and how the impact management outcomes will be aligned with standards.	 using a ranking tool. The significance ranking of the impact will then determine where / for which activities management objectives are required (see table below). Management objectives and outcomes of each impact / risk will be influenced by the receptors, the receiving environment and the legal requirements. For example: where the receptor is a residential area, legal standards applicable to inhabited areas will be applied; where the receiving environment is uninhabited and unaffected by anthropogenic 	

	Outcome: To maintain a low-medium significance ranking.
	Although management measures may not always be necessary, in
	most instances they will be encouraged to ensure the outcome is
	achieved.
Medium	Objective: To ensure the significance ranking does not increase.
	Outcome: To reduce either the probability or consequence of the
	impact and aim for achieving a low-medium significance ranking.
	Mitigation or management measures will be necessary to ensure
	the outcome is achieved.
Medium-High	Objective: To reduce the significance ranking.
	Outcome: To reduce either the probability or consequence of the
	impact and aim for achieving a medium or lower significance
	ranking.
	Where possible activities causing the impact / risk will be avoided
	and if not possible, mitigation and / or management measures will
	be necessary to ensure the outcome is achieved.
High	Objective: To reduce the significance ranking.
	Outcome: To reduce either the probability or consequence of the
	impact and aim for achieving a medium or lower significance
	ranking.
	Where possible activities causing the impact / risk will be avoided
	and if not possible, mitigation and / or management measures will
	be necessary to ensure the outcome is achieved.

8. OTHER AUTHORISATIONS REQUIRED

	Mark with an X where applicable				
LEGISLATION	AUTHORISATIO N REQUIRED		APPLICATION SUBMITTED		
	YES	NO	YES	NO	
SEMAs					
National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act		Х			
National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act		Х			
National Environmental Management: Integrated Coastal Management Act		Х			
National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act		Х			
National Environmental Management: Waste Act		Х			
National legislation					
Mineral Petroleum Development Resources Act	Х		Х		
National Water Act		Х			
National Heritage Resources Act	Х		Х		
Others: Please specify					

Please provide proof of submission of applications in **Appendix 5**.

In the event that an authorization in terms of the National Environmental Waste Management Act is required for any of the activities applied for please state so clearly in order for such an authorisation to be considered as part of this application. **NA**

9. DRAFT EMPr

For consultation purposes, provide a high level approach to the management of the potential environmental impacts of each of the activities applied for.

ACTIVITIES	PHASE (of operation	SIZE AND SCALE	TYPICAL MITIGATION MEASURES	COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS
(E.g. For prospecting - drill site, site camp, ablution facility, accommodation, equipment storage, sample storage, site office, access route etcetcetc E.g. for mining,- excavations, blasting, stockpiles, discard dumps or dams, Loading, hauling and transport, Water supply dams and boreholes, accommodation, offices, ablution, stores, workshops, processing plant, storm water control, berms, roads, pipelines, power lines, conveyors, etcetcetc.)	in which activity will take place). State; Planning and design, Pre- Construction, Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure, Post closure.	(of Disturbance) (volumes, tonnages and hectares or m ²)	(E.g. storm water control, dust control, noise control, access control, rehabilitation etc, etc,)	(A description of how each of the recommendations herein will comply with any prescribed environmental management standards or practices that have been identified by Competent Authorities)
Excavations; Loading, hauling and transport and roads	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	Dust Reduce drop height of material to a minimum. Area will be mined in phases to reduce the barren areas. Temporarily halt material handling in windy conditions. A speed limit of 30km/hour will be displayed and enforced through a fining system. All vehicle drivers entering the site will be informed of the speed limit.	The dust generated and fallout will be monitored against the requirements described below and the activity will cease and mitigation measures implemented to ensure that the dust generated as a result of the activity meets the regulatory requirements. The National Dust Control Regulations regulates the following: No person may conduct any activity in such a way as to give rise to dust in such quantities and concentrations that the dust or dust fallout has a detrimental effect on the environment, including health, social, economic, ecological or cultural heritage conditions

				or has contributed to the degradation of the ambient air quality beyond the premises where it originates from; or that the dust remains visible in the ambient air beyond the premises where it originates from; or if the dust fall at the boundary or beyond the boundary or beyond the boundary of the premises where it originates exceeds: 1200 mg/m²/day averaged over 30 days, measured in accordance with reference method ASTM D1739 (Standard Test Method for Collection and Measurement of Dustfall (Settleable Particulate Matter). It is important to note that people experience dust deposition as a nuisance effect, and that there are no direct human health implications because the dust does not reach the lungs. Indirect effects on human and animal health may result from the deposition of dust containing toxicants onto edible plants. Heavy dust deposition can have detrimental effects on plants if the leaves are smothered to the extent where transpiration and photosynthesis are affected. Particulate Matter). Two dust fallout incidents that exceed the limit may occur within a year (not sequential
Excavations; Loading, hauling and transport and roads	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	Noise No activities that may generate noise levels above the legal limit in terms of the Environmental Conservation Act, Western Cape Noise regulations will be conducted. Machinery and vehicles should be regularly maintained to prevent excessive noise.	months). The standard below will be used to measure noise levels and impacts. Table 2 of SANS 10103:2004 The measurement and rating of environmental noise with respect to land use, health, annoyance and to speech communication where the daytime, equivalent continuous rating level is given as 45 dBA for Rural Districts.

F	1	Γ		I
			All machinery and work	
			activities must adhere to	
			the requirements of the	
			noise regulations.	
Excavations; Loading,	Operational,	5 Ha	Emissions	Carbon monoxide (CO) is an
hauling and transport	Rehabilitation,		Vehicles and machinery	odourless, colourless, and
and roads	Closure		on the site will be	poisonous gas. Most CO is
			monitored for excessive	formed as a result of
			emissions.	incomplete combustion of
			Vehicles and machinery	organic materials used as
			will be maintained to	fuel. CO emissions are
			minimize emissions. A	highest during incomplete
			log book will be filled in to	combustion e.g. during idling
			-	
			keep a record of all	and low speed mobile source
			maintenance problems	operations, such as vehicle
			encountered and	idle. CO enters the
			mitigation measures	bloodstream and reduces
			implemented to resolve	oxygen delivery to the body's
			the problem.	organs and tissues. Its most
			Vehicles and machinery	serious effects occur at high
			emitting excessive	concentrations, and therefore
			emissions will be	it tends to be a localized
			stopped immediately and	problem. CO may produce
			not allowed to operate	adverse health effects such
			until the necessary	as headaches, work capacity
			repairs have been done.	impairment, learning ability
				impairment, dizziness,
				weakness, nausea, vomiting,
				loss of muscular control,
				increasing and decreasing
				respiratory rates, collapse,
				unconsciousness, or death.
				The health threat from CO is
				most serious for those who
				suffer from cardiovascular
				disease. Healthy individuals
				also can be affected, but only
				at higher concentrations. It is
				not anticipated that the CO
				emissions levels that is
				generated will cause the
				above effects. The
				occupational exposure limit of
				CO is 50 parts per million for
				a 40 hour work week. It is
				highly unlikely whether this
				level will be reached in the
				general environment.
Excavations	Operational	5ha	Ground Water	No ground water will be
			No ground water were	impacted upon during the
			present during the	excavation of sand during the
			excavation of the test	mining process.
			holes	
	1		10000	

Storm water control	Operational	5 Ha	Minimize sediment lood	Conservation of Agricultural
Storm water control	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	Minimize sediment load in the water by stripping a maximum of 10 meters ahead of the mining face and only moving the material once it needs to be processed or into the intended topsoil beams on the edge of all current and future mining areas. Monitor for erosion. Should erosion be present, undertake maintenance activities such as planting of vegetation. All roads need to be maintained and monitored. Visible signs of possible erosion must be immediately rehabilitated. All storm water falling outside the mine property must be diverted around the mine. This forms part of the Storm Water Management Plan. Visually inspect exposed surfaces and top soil beams for signs of erosion. If erosion channels are discovered the mine will compile and implement a plan to determine the cause of erosion, reducing erosion in the identified areas and preventing future erosion. Fix the erosion. Reinstate engineered constructed	Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 43 of 1983 and regulations
			engineered constructed contours as soon as a phase is completed and topsoil placed on mine	
			surface area.	
Fire	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	All employees will be trained on fire safety and on how to reduce the probability of a fire spreading out of control. Anyone who observes a fire must report it	Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 43 of 1983 and National Veld and Forest Fire Act, 101 of 1998; and regulations

			immediately to the fire protection agency/ fire brigade and their supervisor/ mine manager. Fire breaks will be maintained on the boundary of the mine site. Vehicles must be parked in an area with no vegetation if a fire occurs.	
Waste from chemical toilets and litter	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	The toilet is serviced when needed and emptied when almost full. If a leak occurs the correct emergency procedure is to be followed (see EMP). Litter will be removed from site by the operator daily.	National Environmental Management: Waste Act (Act No 59 of 2008) and regulations
Hydrocarbon spill	Operational, Rehabilitation, Closure	5 Ha	Any mine vehicle which is leaking hydrocarbons (e.g. petrol, diesel or oil) will be serviced in a concreted workshop to repair the leak. If it is not possible to repair the leak immediately, a drip tray will be placed under the leak to trap any spillages. The content of the drip trays will be decanted into an old oil drum for removal from the site. Hydrocarbon spillages are to be cleaned up immediately. The mine will also maintain a store of suitable absorbent material, suitable bioremediation substance and a spill kit. All incidences/ spillages are to be recorded in an incident log book. Contaminated soil must go to Vissershok Landfill site.	Hazardous Substances Act, 15 of 1973 and National Environmental Management: Waste Act (Act No 59 of 2008); and regulations

10. CLOSURE PLAN

	r each heading below, please provide a high level description of the plan for closure ill be provided in the draft EMPr accompanying draft basic assessment report or ts going forward
Baseline environment Describe how the baseline environment will be determined with the input of interested and affected parties and due cognizance of the current land uses and or existing biophysical environment	The baseline environment associated with the development footprint will be determined through review of existing information and a site visit to the property where consideration will be given to the existing environment and impacts of sensitive areas. The findings will be included in the BAR and EMPr report that will form part of the information that will be sent to registered Interested and Affected Parties and key departments who would be given an opportunity to confirm the correctness of the information as well as to give additional information for further assessment.
Closure objectives Describe the closure objectives and the extent to which they will be aligned to the baseline environment	The mine must be operated so that once the mine is closed; the site can be used again for agricultural activities. Once the mining resources have been exhausted, excavation pits to be backfilled with unused excavated material. The mining process will reduce the depth of the sand but, following the recommended rehabilitation measures, will leave a minimum of 500 mm of sand and topsoil above the clay layer after rehabilitation. This reduced depth will have little effect on the agricultural potential. Because there is sufficient slope, drainage and soil depth in the proposed mining area. Mining will not significantly change the drainage capacity of the area or lead to a significant decrease in the internal drainage of the soil. There will therefore be minimal negative impact from the mining process on agricultural potential.
	To ensure sufficient depth a minimum 200 mm of sand will be left un-mined and all topsoil must be stripped and stockpiled before mining for later re application. Topsoil is a valuable and essential resource for rehabilitation and it should therefore be managed carefully to conserve and maintain it throughout the stockpiling process. Topsoil stockpiles should be protected against losses by water and wind erosion. The establishment of plants (as cover crop) on the stockpiles will help to prevent erosion. The mining plan should be such that topsoil is stockpiled for the minimum possible time by rehabilitation, the stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread over the mining surface. Topsoil spreading should be done just before the winter season so that a cover crop can be seeded and established during the winter rains and to control erosion on the newly spread topsoil. If topsoil is spread long before the winter, it will be subject to wind erosion before vegetation can be established on it. During seeding the soil depth must be monitored to ensure that there is a minimum of 50 cm of suitable soil for rooting throughout the mined area.
	To ensure minimum impact on drainage, it is important that no surface depressions are left after mining. In other words the surface slope must be maintained throughout, including through the edge of the mined area. Surface depressions will result in ponding of water on the surface and accumulation of excess moisture in depression areas. There is sufficient slope and elevation in the proposed mining area to avoid the creation of depressions, provided that mining depths are controlled to ensure the maintenance of a slope. No compaction in the soil should remain after rehabilitation. Compaction will impede water movement through the soil profile.

	Rehabilitation should include ripping with the slope through the rehabilitated area and immediately below it, to ensure that the soil is loose and that any compaction by mining machinery has been alleviated.
Rehabilitation Plan Describe the scale and aerial extent of the prospecting or mining listed activities to be authorised, including the anticipated prospecting or mining area at the time of closure, and confirm that a site rehabilitation plan drawn to a suitable scale will be provided in the draft EMPr to be submitted together with the draft EIR or Basic Assessment Report as the case may be.	The mine operation area of 5ha will be divided into different mining phases. Each mine phase will be rehabilitated as per the guidelines before mining will commence in the next phase (Refer to Appendix 4). It is confirmed that a site rehabilitation plan drawn to a suitable scale will be provided in the draft EMPr to be submitted together with the draft Basic Assessment Report.

Rehabilitation Cost	R 120 000. The calculation was determined using and compiling the financial and
Describe how the	technical competence report that will be submitted with the mine permit application.
rehabilitation cost will be	
determined and provide a	
preliminary estimate thereof	

Rehabilitation Cost Describe how the rehabilitation cost will be determined and provide a preliminary estimate thereof	R 120 000. The calculation was determined using and compiling the financial and technical competence report that will be submitted with the mine permit application.
Decommissioning Considering that rehabilitation must take place upon cessation of an activity, describe when each of activities applied for will be rehabilitated in terms of either the cessation of the individual activity or the cessation of the overall prospecting or mining activity.	Each mining phase will be rehabilitated as the mine phases are completed. However each of the activities applied for will be rehabilitated in terms of the cessation of the mining activity.

Signature of the applicant / Signature on behalf of the applicant:

Tip Trans Resources (Pty) Ltd Name of company (if applicable):

28 Date: June 201

APPENDIX 4 Declaration of the EAP

I, Nicolaas Willem Hanekom

, declare that –

General declaration:

- I act as the independent environmental practitioner in this application
- I will perform the work relating to the application in an objective manner, even if this results in views and findings that are not favourable to the applicant
- I declare that there are no circumstances that may compromise my objectivity in performing such work;
- I have expertise in conducting environmental impact assessments, including knowledge of the Act, Regulations and any guidelines that have relevance to the proposed activity;
- I will comply with the Act, Regulations and all other applicable legislation;
- I will take into account, to the extent possible, the matters listed in regulation 8 of the Regulations when
 preparing the application and any report relating to the application;
- I have no, and will not engage in, conflicting interests in the undertaking of the activity;
- I undertake to disclose to the applicant and the competent authority all material information in my
 possession that reasonably has or may have the potential of influencing any decision to be taken with
 respect to the application by the competent authority; and the objectivity of any report, plan or document
 to be prepared by myself for submission to the competent authority;
- I will ensure that information containing all relevant facts in respect of the application is distributed or made available to interested and affected parties and the public and that participation by interested and affected parties is facilitated in such a manner that all interested and affected parties will be provided with a reasonable opportunity to participate and to provide comments on documents that are produced to support the application;
- I will ensure that the comments of all interested and affected parties are considered and recorded in reports that are submitted to the competent authority in respect of the application, provided that comments that are made by interested and affected parties in respect of a final report that will be submitted to the competent authority may be attached to the report without further amendment to the report;
- I will keep a register of all interested and affected parties that participated in a public participation process; and
- I will provide the competent authority with access to all information at my disposal regarding the application, whether such information is favourable to the applicant or not
- all the particulars furnished by me in this form are true and correct;
- will perform all other obligations as expected from an environmental assessment practitioner in terms of the Regulations; and
- I realise that a false declaration is an offence in terms of regulation 71 of the Regulations and is punishable in terms of section 24F of the Act.

Disclosure of Vested Interest (delete whichever is not applicable)

 I do not have and will not have any vested interest (either business, financial, personal or other) in the proposed activity proceeding other than remuneration for work performed in terms of the Regulations;

- I have a vested interest in the proposed activity proceeding, such vested interest being:

NA_____

No Have lam

Signature of the environmental assessment practitioner:

Eco Impact Legal Consulting (Pty) Ltd Name of company:

Date: 28 June 2019