



**BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT
IN TERMS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998 (ACT NO. 107
OF 1998) AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT REGULATIONS, 2014 (AS
AMENDED)**

October 2017

PROJECT TITLE

Zest Polyurethanes (Pty) Ltd proposed factory 9 Bolt Avenue Montague Gardens (erf 4912)

February 2018

REPORT TYPE CATEGORY	REPORT REFERENCE NUMBER	DATE OF REPORT
Pre-Application Basic Assessment Report (if applicable) ¹	3285/20/PA	August 2020

Notes:

- In terms of Regulation 40(3) potential or registered interested and affected parties, including the Competent Authority, may be provided with an opportunity to comment on the Basic Assessment Report prior to submission of the application but must again be provided an opportunity to comment on such reports once an application has been submitted to the Competent Authority. The Basic Assessment Report released for comment prior to submission of the application is referred to as the "Pre-Application Basic Assessment Report". The Basic Assessment Report made available for comment after submission of the application is referred to as the "Draft Basic Assessment Report". The Basic Assessment Report together with all the comments received on the report which is submitted to the Competent Authority for decision-making is referred to as the "Final Basic Assessment Report".
- In terms of Regulation 19(1)(b) if significant changes have been made or significant new information has been added to the Draft Basic Assessment Report, which changes or information was not contained in the Draft Basic Assessment Report consulted on during the initial public participation process, then a Final Basic Assessment Report will not be submitted, but rather a "Revised Basic Assessment Report", which must be subjected to another public participation process of at least 30 days, must be submitted to the Competent Authority together with all the comments received.
- DEPARTMENTAL REFERENCE NUMBER(S)**

Pre-application reference number:	16/3/3/6/7/1/A1/20/3101/20
File reference number (EIA):	
NEAS reference number (EIA):	
File reference number (Waste):	
NEAS reference number (Waste):	
File reference number (Air Quality):	
NEAS reference number (Air Quality):	
File reference number (Other):	
NEAS reference number (Other):	

CONTENT AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Note that:

1. The content of the Department's Circular EADP 0028/2014 (dated 9 December 2014) on the "One Environmental Management System" and the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA") Regulations, 2014 (as amended), any subsequent Circulars, and guidelines must be taken into account when completing this Basic Assessment Report Form.
2. This Basic Assessment Report is the standard report format which, in terms of Regulation 16(3) of the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended) must be used in all instances when preparing a Basic Assessment Report for Basic Assessment applications for an environmental authorisation in terms of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) ("NEMA") and the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended) and/or a waste management licence in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) ("NEM:WA"), and/or an atmospheric emission licence in terms of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004) ("NEM:AQA") when the Western Cape Government: Environmental Affairs and Development Planning ("DEA&DP") is the Competent Authority/Licensing Authority.
3. This report form is current as of October 2017. It is the responsibility of the Applicant/ Environmental Assessment Practitioner ("EAP") to ascertain whether subsequent versions of the report form have been released by the Department. Visit the Department's website at <http://www.westerncape.gov.za/eadp> to check for the latest version of this checklist.
4. The required information must be typed within the spaces provided in the form. The size of the spaces provided is not necessarily indicative of the amount of information to be provided. The tables may be expanded where necessary.
5. The use of "not applicable" in the report must be done with circumspection. All applicable sections of this report form must be completed. Where "not applicable" is used, this may result in the refusal of the application.
6. While the different sections of the report form only provide space for provision of information related to one alternative, if more than one feasible and reasonable alternative is considered, the relevant section must be copied and completed for each alternative.
7. Unless protected by law, all information contained in, and attached to this report, will become public information on receipt by the competent authority. If information is not submitted with this report due to such information being protected by law, the applicant and/or EAP must declare such non-disclosure and provide the reasons for believing that the information is protected.
8. Unless otherwise indicated by the Department, one hard copy and one electronic copy of this report must be submitted to the Department at the postal address given below or by delivery thereof to the Registry Office of the Department. Reasonable access to copies of this report must be provided to the relevant Organs of State for consultation purposes, which may, if so indicated by the Department, include providing a printed copy to a specific Organ of State.
9. This Report must be submitted to the Department and the contact details for doing so are provided below.
10. Where this Department is also identified as the Licencing Authority to decide applications under NEM:WA or NEM:AQA, the submission of the Report must also be made as follows, for-
 - Waste management licence applications, this report must also (i.e., another hard copy and electronic copy) be submitted for the attention of the Department's Waste Management Directorate (tel: 021-483-2756 and fax: 021-483-4425) at the same postal address as the Cape Town Office.
 - Atmospheric emissions licence applications, this report must also be (i.e., another hard copy and electronic copy) submitted for the attention of the Licensing Authority or this Department's Air Quality Management Directorate (tel: 021 483 2798 and fax: 021 483 3254) at the same postal address as the Cape Town Office.

DEPARTMENTAL DETAILS

CAPE TOWN OFFICE		GEORGE REGIONAL OFFICE
REGION 1 (City of Cape Town & West Coast District)	REGION 2 (Cape Winelands District & Overberg District)	REGION 3 (Central Karoo District & Eden District)
Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning Attention: Directorate: Development Management (Region 1) Private Bag X 9086 Cape Town, 8000 Registry Office 1 st Floor Utilitas Building 1 Dorp Street, Cape Town Queries should be directed to the Directorate: Development Management (Region 1) at: Tel.: (021) 483-5829 Fax: (021) 483-4372	Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning Attention: Directorate: Development Management (Region 2) Private Bag X 9086 Cape Town, 8000 Registry Office 1 st Floor Utilitas Building 1 Dorp Street, Cape Town Queries should be directed to the Directorate: Development Management (Region 2) at: Tel.: (021) 483-5842 Fax: (021) 483-3633	Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning Attention: Directorate: Development Management (Region 3) Private Bag X 6509 George, 6530 Registry Office 4 th Floor, York Park Building 93 York Street George Queries should be directed to the Directorate: Development Management (Region 3) at: Tel.: (044) 805-8600 Fax: (044) 805-8650

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ACRONYMS USED IN THIS BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT AND APPENDICES:

BAR	Basic Assessment Report
CBA	Critical Biodiversity Area
DEA	National Department of Environmental Affairs
DEA&DP	Western Cape Government: Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
DWS	National Department of Water and Sanitation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme
ESA	Ecological Support Area
HWC	Heritage Western Cape
I&APs	Interested and Affected Parties
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEM:AQA	National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004)
NEM:ICMA	National Environmental Management: Integrated Coastal Management Act, 2008 (Act No. 24 of 2008)
NEM:WA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
NHRA	National Heritage Resources Act, 1999 (Act No. 25 of 1999)
PPP	Public Participation Process

DETAILS OF THE APPLICANT

Applicant / Organisation / Organ of State:	Zest Polyurethanes (Pty) Ltd		
Contact person:	Christian Kurucz		
Postal address:	13 Alternator Avenue Montague Gardens		
Telephone:	(087) 023 0604	Postal Code:	7441
Cellular:	+27 76 791 3912	Fax:	NA
E-mail:	clkurucz@duram.co.za		

DETAILS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PRACTITIONER ("EAP")

Name of the EAP organisation:	Eco Impact Legal Consulting (Pty) Ltd		
Person who compiled this Report:	Jessica Hansen		
EAP Reg. No.:	<p>The Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa (EAPASA) herewith certified that Jessica Louise Hansen is a Registered Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) in accordance with the prescribed criteria of Regulation 15.(1) of the Section 24H Registration Authority Regulations (Regulation No. 849, Gazette No. 40154 of 22 July 2016, of the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA), Act No. 107 of 1998, as amended). Registered Environmental Assessment Practitioner: Number 2020/1491.</p> <p>SACNASP- Professional Natural Scientist in the field of practice Environmental Science (Registration number 400192/16)</p>		
Contact Person (if not author):	NA		
Postal address:	PO Box 45070, Claremont		
Telephone:	(021) 671 1660	Postal Code:	7735
Cellular:	NA	Fax:	NA
E-mail:	Jessica@ecoimpact.co.za		
EAP Qualifications:	<p>Jessica has a BSc (Honours) in Environmental and Geographical Science in 2011 from the University of Cape Town and subsequently obtained her MSc in Zoology in 2013.</p> <p>Jessica has worked as an Environmental Assessment Practitioner since August 2013 and has been involved in the compilation, coordination and management of Basic Assessment Reports, Environmental Impact Assessments, Environmental Management Programmes, Waste Licence Applications, Water Use Licence Applications and Baseline Biodiversity Surveys for numerous clients.</p>		

Please provide details of the lead EAP, including details on the expertise of the lead EAP responsible for the Basic Assessment process. Also attach his/her Curriculum Vitae to this BAR.

Jessica has a BSc (Honours) in Environmental and Geographical Science in 2011 from the University of Cape Town and subsequently obtained her MSc in Zoology in 2013. Jessica has trained as an Environmental Assessment Practitioner since 2013 and has been involved in the compilation, coordination and management of Basic Assessment Reports, Environmental Impact Assessments, Environmental Management Programmes, Waste Licence Applications, Water Use Licences.

CV attached as Appendix K.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF THE BASIC ASSESSMENT REPORT:

Activity description:

Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.

Raw material:

- 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234
- 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good

Bulk storage:

Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage

- Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene)
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent
- Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent

Finished goods:

- 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails
- 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails
- 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums

Outside infrastructure:

- Visitors parking
- Underground tanks as described above
- Waste storage area
- Water Chiller
- Possibly two fire suppression water storage tanks above ground

Inside infrastructure:

- Receiving area, despatch area, offices, canteen, inverter room, compressed air room, spares and maintenance store, forklift charging area, laboratory, rubber dryers, wax melting area, waterproofing membrane packing line.
- Manufacturing room: D1, Raw material and Finished Goods storage: J1, General storage and packing lines: J2, rebate store: J2.

Alternatives

Location alternatives – Number 13 Bolt Avenue was assessed as an alternative site, however the sale of the land fell through and the site is no longer a feasible alternative as the applicant does not own or have access to the site. No other location or site alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable location or site alternative exists. Staybond (Pty) Ltd, who is the applicants Property Development partner is in the process of purchasing the site. Staybond (Pty) Ltd will then be Zests landlord, if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. Zest will only take occupation if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. The site and location are favourable as it is zoned industrial and is an existing industrial site.

Activity alternatives - No other activity alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable activity alternative exists other than the no-go option. This activity is the primary business of Zest Polyurethanes and their specific speciality. It would not be feasible for the applicant to conduct another activity.

Mitigation measures contained in the EMP are included to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts of the proposed activity.

Layout alternatives – The design took into consideration the volumes to be processed. The layout has been informed by specialists and engineer inputs. Alternative A was an initial conceptualisation and is not the preferred alternative as it does not allow for the turning of vehicles.

Technology alternatives – The technological alternatives are the use of electricity and water wise technologies and green tips considered during the construction and operational phases. These include dual flush toilet systems and energy efficient lighting.

Furthermore 2 technology alternatives were identified:

Alternative 1- Preferred

Bunding of above ground storage of dangerous goods will have a bund wall that is in accordance with the requirements of SANS 0089 part 1.

Belowground storage in accordance with SANS 1535.

Alternative 2

No bunding for above ground storage of dangerous goods

Belowground storage in NOT accordance with relevant SANS standards.

Operational alternatives – No operational alternatives were considered as the proposed activity is to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets.

The No-Go Option- The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently; industrial warehousing. A look at the Need and Desirability as manifested in the local SDF supports the proposed development on the identified site due to provision of jobs. The proposed development will provide temporary jobs to the community during the construction phase and permanent jobs during the operational phase.

Impacts

ALTERNATIVE 1

DEVELOPMENT PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

OPERATIONAL PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (Low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Emissions and air quality (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with-mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Odours (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

ALTERNATIVE 2

DEVELOPMENT PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and medium impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

OPERATIONAL PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and high impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (High impact before mitigation and high impact with mitigation measures);
- Emissions and air quality (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with-mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Odours (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2

- Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and High impact with mitigation measures);
- Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Increase in jobs (positive)
- Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
- Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures)

SECTION A: PROJECT INFORMATION

1. ACTIVITY LOCATION

Location of all proposed sites:	9 Bolt Avenue Montague Gardens Cape Town
Farm / Erf name(s) and number(s) (including Portions thereof) for each proposed site:	4912
Property size(s) in m ² for each proposed site:	7234.2
Development footprint size(s) in m ² :	7234.2
Surveyor General (SG) 21-digit code for each proposed site:	C01600360000491200000

2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

(a) Is the project a new development? If "NO", explain:

YES

NO

Proposed activity on an existing industrial site.

(b) Provide a detailed description of the scope of the proposed development (project).

Activity description:

Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.

Raw material:

- 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234
- 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good

Bulk storage:

Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage

- Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene)
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent
- Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent

Finished goods:

- 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails
- 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails
- 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums

Outside infrastructure:

- Visitors parking
- Underground tanks as described above
- Waste storage area
- Water Chiller
- Possibly two fire suppression water storage tanks above ground

Inside infrastructure:

- Receiving area, despatch area, offices, canteen, inverter room, compressed air room, spares and maintenance store, forklift charging area, laboratory, rubber dryers, wax melting area, waterproofing membrane packing line.
- Manufacturing room: D1, Raw material and Finished Goods storage: J1, General storage and packing lines: J2, rebate store: J2.

Please note: This description must relate to the listed and specified activities in paragraph (d) below.

(c) Please indicate the following periods that are recommended for inclusion in the environmental authorisation:

(i)	the period within which commencement must occur,	5 years from EA granted
(ii)	the period for which the environmental authorisation should be granted and the date by which the activity must have been concluded, where the environmental authorisation does not include operational aspects;	10 years
(iii)	the period that should be granted for the non-operational aspects of the environmental authorisation; and	10 years
(iv)	the period that should be granted for the operational aspects of the environmental authorisation.	Until Decommissioning or Closure

Please note: The Department must specify the abovementioned periods, where applicable, in an environmental authorisation. In terms of the period within which commencement must occur, the period must not exceed 10 years and must not be extended beyond such 10-year period, unless the process to amend the environmental authorisation contemplated in regulation 32 is followed.

(d) List all the listed activities triggered and being applied for.

Please note: The onus is on the applicant to ensure that all the applicable listed activities are applied for and assessed as part of the EIA process. Please refer to paragraph (b) above.

EIA Regulations Listing Notices 1 and 3 of 2014 (as amended):

Listed Activity No(s):	Describe the relevant Basic Assessment Activity(ies) in writing as per Listing Notice 1 (GN No. R. 983)	Describe the portion of the development that relates to the applicable listed activity as per the project description.	Identify if the activity is development / development and operational / decommissioning / expansion / expansion and operational.
14	The development and related operation of facilities or infrastructure, for the storage, or for the storage and handling, of a dangerous good, where such storage occurs in containers with a combined capacity of 80 cubic metres or more but not exceeding 500 cubic metres.	Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234. Raw material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good Bulk storage:	Development and operation

		<p>Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene) • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent • Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent <p>Finished goods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails • 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails • 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums 	
Listed Activity No(s):	Describe the relevant Basic Assessment Activity(ies) in writing as per Listing Notice 3 (GN No. R. 985)	Describe the portion of the development that relates to the applicable listed activity as per the project description.	Identify if the activity is development / development and operational / decommissioning / expansion / expansion and operational.
NA			

Waste management activities in terms of the NEM: WA (GN No. 921):

Category A Listed Activity No(s):	Describe the relevant <u>Category A</u> waste management activity in writing as per GN No. 921	Describe the portion of the development that relates to the applicable listed activity as per the project description
NA		

Note: If any waste management activities are applicable, the **Listed Waste Management Activities Additional Information Annexure** must be completed and attached to this Basic Assessment Report as **Appendix I**.

Atmospheric emission activities in terms of the NEM: AQA (GN No. 893):

Listed Activity No(s):	Describe the relevant atmospheric emission activity in writing as per GN No. 893	Describe the portion of the development that relates to the applicable listed activity as per the project description.
Category 6	Category 6: Organic Chemicals Industry - The production or use in production of organic chemicals - All installations producing or using more than 100 tons per annum.	Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to

		<p>store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.</p> <p>Raw material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234 • 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good <p>Bulk storage: Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene) • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent • Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent <p>Finished goods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails • 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails • 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums
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In terms of Section 21 of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act ("NEMAQA")39 of 2004; Regulation 893: 22 November 2013 is triggered by this application, as detailed below: Category 6: Organic Chemicals Industry

Substance or mixture of substances		Plant status	mg/Nm ³ under normal conditions of 273 Kelvin and 101.3 kPa.
Common name	Chemical symbol		
Sulphur trioxide (from sulphonation processes)	SO ₃	New	30
		Existing	100
Acrylonitrile (from processes producing and/or using acrylonitrile).	CH ₂ CHCN	New	5
		Existing	5
Methylamines (from nitrogen-containing organic chemicals)	CH ₅ N	New	10
		Existing	10
Total volatile organic compounds (thermal)	N/A	New	150
		Existing	150
Total volatile organic compounds (non thermal)	N/A	New	40 000
		Existing	40 000

(a) The following transitional arrangements shall apply for the storage and handling of raw materials, intermediate and final products with a vapour pressure greater than 14kPa at operating temperature: - Leak detection and repair (LOAR) program approved by licensing authority to be instituted.

(b) The following special arrangements shall apply for control of TVOCs from storage of raw materials, intermediate and final products with a vapour pressure of up to 14kPa at operating temperature. Except during loading and offloading. (Alternative control measures that can achieve the same or better results may be used) -

(i) Storage vessels for liquids shall be of the following type:

Application	All permanent immobile liquid storage facilities at a single site with a combined storage capacity of greater than 1000 cubic-meters
True vapour pressure of contents at product storage temperature	Type of tank or vessel
Type 1: Up to 14 kPa	Fixed-roof tank vented to atmosphere, or as per Type 2 and 3
Type 2: Above 14 kPa and up to 91 kPa with a throughput of less than 50'000 m ³ per annum	Fixed-roof tank with Pressure Vacuum Vents fitted as a minimum, to prevent "breathing" losses, or as per Type 3
Type 3: Above 14 kPa and up to 91 kPa with a throughput greater than 50'000 m ³ per annum	j) External floating-roof tank with primary rim seal and secondary rim seal for tank with a diameter greater than 20m, or k) fixed-roof tank with internal floating deck / roof fitted with primary seal, or l) fixed-roof tank with vapour recovery system.
Type 4: Above 91 kPa	Pressure vessel

(ii) The roof legs, slotted pipes and/or dipping well on floating roof tanks (except domed floating roof tanks or internal floating roof tanks) shall have sleeves fitted to minimise emissions.

(iii) Relief valves on pressurised storage should undergo periodic checks for internal leaks. This can be carried out using portable acoustic monitors or if venting to atmosphere with an accessible open end. tested with a hydrocarbon analyser as part of an LOAR programme

(a) The following special arrangements shall apply for control of TVOC from loading and unloading (except ships) of raw materials, intermediate and final products with a vapour pressure greater than 14 kPa at handling temperature. Alternative control measures than can achieve the same or better results may be used:

(i) All installations with a throughput of greater than 50 000m³ per annum of products with a vapour pressure greater than 14kPa, must be fitted with vapour pressure of 14KPa, must be fitted with vapour recovery/destruction units. Emission limits are set out in the table below:

Description:	Vapour Recovery Units		
Application:	All loading / offloading facilities with a throughput greater than 50 000 m ³		
Substance or mixture of substances	Plant status	mg/Nm³ under normal conditions of 273 Kelvin and 101.3 kPa.	
Common name	Chemical symbol		
Total volatile organic compounds from vapour recovery / destruction units using thermal treatment.	N/A	New	1.50
		Existing	1.50
Total volatile organic compounds from vapour recovery / destruction units using non thermal treatment	N/A	New	40 000
		Existing	40 000

(ii) For road tanker and rail car loading/offloading facilities where the throughput is less than 50 000m³ per annum and where ambient air quality is, or is likely to be impacted, all liquid products shall be loaded to be impacted, all liquid products shall be loaded using bottom loading, or equivalent. with the venting pipe connected to a vapour balancing system. Where vapour balancing and and/or bottom loading is not possible. a recovery system utilising adsorption, absorption, condensation or incineration of the remaining VOC's, with a collection efficiency of at least 95% shall be fitted.

(e) Provide details of all components (including associated structures and infrastructure) of the proposed development and attach diagrams (e.g., architectural drawings or perspectives, engineering drawings, process flowcharts, etc.).

Buildings Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage Water Chiller Possibly two fire suppression water storage tanks above ground Inside infrastructure: Receiving area, despatch area, offices, canteen, inverter room, compressed air room, spares and maintenance store, forklift charging area, laboratory, rubber dryers, wax melting area, waterproofing membrane packing line. Manufacturing room: D1, Raw material and Finished Goods storage: J1, General storage and packing lines: J2, rebate store: J2.		
Infrastructure (e.g., roads, power and water supply/ storage) Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
Outside infrastructure: Visitors parking Underground storage tanks Waste storage area Water Chiller Possibly two fire suppression water storage tanks above ground		

The site is an existing industrial site and main incoming power appears to be connected to a main distribution and mini substation located inside the warehouse. The power seems to be connected to the incoming main, and a meter has been installed. There is a paved area on the southwestern side of the property, adjacent to the Eskom transformers, which are contained behind a locked fenced off area adjacent to the southwestern entrance to the property.

Processing activities (e.g., manufacturing, storage, distribution) Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
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Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.

Raw material:

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Finished goods:

- 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails
- 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails
- 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums

Outside infrastructure:

- Visitors parking
- Underground tanks as described above
- Waste storage area
- Water Chiller
- Possibly two fire suppression water storage tanks above ground

Inside infrastructure:

- Receiving area, despatch area, offices, canteen, inventor room, compressed air room, spares and maintenance store, forklift charging area, laboratory, rubber dryers, wax melting area, waterproofing membrane packing line.
- Manufacturing room: D1, Raw material and Finished Goods storage: J1, General storage and packing lines: J2, rebate store: J2.

Storage facilities for raw materials and products (e.g., volume and substances to be stored) Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
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Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.

Raw material:

- 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234
- 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good

Bulk storage:

Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage

- Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene)
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent
- Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent
- Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent

Finished goods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails • 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails • 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums 		
Storage and treatment facilities for effluent, wastewater or sewage: Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
NA		
Storage and treatment of solid waste Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
Waste storage area		
Facilities associated with the release of emissions or pollution. Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS Volatile organic compound (VOC) will be emitted due to the presence of a large number of chemical constituents, commonly associated with paint manufacturing, including n-Hexane, Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene and Xylene. all of The airborne contaminant concentrations will be kept below the respective Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL's). it is likely that Ethanol, Ethyl benzene and Xylene will be the chemicals with the highest concentrations. Dichloromethane, a substance with a Control Limit will also be emitted.		
Concentrations from a similar facility:		
Substance	Total Sample Time (out of 480 min)	TWA Concentration (mg/m3)
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Gasses C1-C4	347	0.03
Ethanol	347	9.79
n-Hexane	347	0.03
Ethyl acetate	347	0.06
2-Methylhexane	347	0.02
3-Methylhexane	347	0.03
Benzene	347	0.02
n-Heptane	347	0.27
Toluene	347	0.24
Dichloromethane	347	0.19
n-Butyl acetate	347	0.11
Ethyl benzene	347	6.81
Xylene	347	25.92
Propyl benzene	347	0.03
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.04
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.11
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.04
n-Octane	347	0.19
n-Nonane	347	0.18
n-Decane	347	0.13
2-Propanol	347	0.52
1-Butanol	347	3.27
Isobutanol	347	0.71
2-Pentanol	347	0.80
White Spirits	347	1.59
Local exhaust ventilation system with extraction points.		
Other activities (e.g., water abstraction activities, crop planting activities) – Provide brief description below:	YES	NO
NA		

3. PHYSICAL SIZE OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

(a) Property size(s): Indicate the size of all the properties (cadastral units) on which the development proposal is to be undertaken	7234.2	m ²
(b) Size of the facility: Indicate the size of the facility where the development proposal is to be undertaken	7234.2	m ²
(c) Development footprint: Indicate the area that will be physically altered as a result of undertaking any development proposal (i.e., the physical size of the development together with all its associated structures and infrastructure)	7234.2	m ²
(d) Size of the activity: Indicate the physical size (footprint) of the development proposal	7234.2	m ²
(e) For linear development proposals: Indicate the length (L) and width (W) of the development proposal	(L)	m
	(W)	m
(f) For storage facilities: Indicate the volume of the storage facility	As below	m ³
<p>Zest Polyurethanes intends to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets at 9 Bolt Avenue, Montague Gardens, Cape Town. Zest will need to store materials that contain components listed as Hazardous according to SANS 10234.</p> <p>Raw material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 120,000kg of materials that contain components listed as hazardous according to SANS 10234 • 250,000kg not classified as a dangerous good <p>Bulk storage:</p> <p>Three 30,000L underground tanks for bulk flammable liquid storage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tank 1: 30,000L Flammable Solvent (Xylene) • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable solvent • Tank 2: Split: 15,000L Flammable Solvent • Tank 3: 30,000L Flammable Solvent <p>Finished goods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60,000L Maximum in 3,78L metal export pails • 10,000L Maximum in various sizes of local metal pails • 80,000L Dangerous Goods storage for Duram Automotive in 200L Metal drums 		
(g) For sewage/effluent treatment facilities: Indicate the volume of the facility (Note: the maximum design capacity must be indicated)	NA	m ³

4. SITE ACCESS

(a) Is there an existing access road?	YES	NO
(b) If no, what is the distance in (m) over which a new access road will be built?	NA m	
(c) Describe the type of access road planned:		
NA		

Please note: The position of the proposed access road must be indicated on the site plan.

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY(IES) ON WHICH THE LISTED ACTIVITY(IES) ARE TO BE UNDERTAKEN AND THE LOCATION OF THE LISTED ACTIVITY(IES) ON THE PROPERTY

- 5.1 Provide a description of the property on which the listed activity(ies) is/are to be undertaken and the location of the listed activity(ies) on the property, as well as of all alternative properties and locations (duplicate section below as required).

Erf 4912 is a fairly square piece of land (approximately 7234.2 m²) situated in Montague Gardens.

Coordinates of all the proposed activities on the property or properties (sites):	Latitude (S): (deg.; min.; sec)			Longitude (E): (deg.; min.; sec.)		
		33°	52'	5.86"	18°	31'

Note: For land where the property has not been defined, the coordinates of the area within which the development is proposed must be provided in an addendum to this report.

- 5.2 Provide a description of the area where the aquatic or ocean-based activity(ies) is/are to be undertaken and the location of the activity(ies) and alternative sites (if applicable).

NA

Coordinates of the boundary /perimeter of all proposed aquatic or ocean-based activities (sites) (if applicable):	Latitude (S): (deg.; min.; sec)			Longitude (E): (deg.; min.; sec)		
		°	'	"	°	'
	°	'	"	°	'	"
	°	'	"	°	'	"
	°	'	"	°	'	"

- 5.3 For a linear development proposal, please provide a description and coordinates of the corridor in which the proposed development will be undertaken (if applicable).

NA

For linear activities:	Latitude (S): (deg.; min.; sec)			Longitude (E): (deg.; min.; sec)		
● Starting point of the activity	°	'	"	°	'	"
● Middle point of the activity	°	'	"	°	'	"
● End point of the activity	°	'	"	°	'	"

Note: For linear development proposals longer than 1000m, please provide an addendum with co-ordinates taken every 250m along the route. All important waypoints must be indicated and the GIS shape file provided digitally.

- 5.4 Provide a location map (see below) as **Appendix A** to this report that shows the location of the proposed development and associated structures and infrastructure on the property; as well as a detailed site development plan / site map (see below) as **Appendix B** to this report; and if applicable, all alternative properties and locations. The GIS shape files (.shp) for maps / site development plans must be included in the electronic copy of the report submitted to the competent authority.

Locality Map:	<p>The scale of the locality map must be at least 1:50 000. For linear development proposals of more than 25 kilometres, a smaller scale e.g., 1:250 000 can be used. The scale must be indicated on the map. The map must indicate the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an accurate indication of the project site position as well as the positions of the alternative sites, if any; • road names or numbers of all the major roads as well as the roads that provide access to the site(s) • a north arrow; • a legend; • a linear scale; • the prevailing wind direction (during November to April and during May to October); and • GPS co-ordinates (to indicate the position of the activity using the latitude and longitude of the centre point of the site for each alternative site. The co-ordinates should be in degrees and decimal minutes. The minutes should have at least three decimals to ensure adequate accuracy. The projection that must be used in all cases is the WGS84 spheroid in a national or local projection). <p>For an ocean-based or aquatic activity, the coordinates must be provided within which the activity is to be undertaken and a map at an appropriate scale clearly indicating the area within which the activity is to be undertaken.</p> <p>Coordinates must be provided in degrees, minutes and seconds using the Hartebeesthoek94; WGS84 co-ordinate system.</p>
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Site Plan:	<p>Detailed site development plan(s) must be prepared for each alternative site or alternative activity. The site plans must contain or conform to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The detailed site plan must preferably be at a scale of 1:500 or at an appropriate scale. The scale must be indicated on the plan, preferably together with a linear scale. • The property boundaries and numbers of all the properties within 50m of the site must be indicated on the site plan. • The current land use (not zoning) as well as the land use zoning of each of the adjoining properties must be indicated on the site plan. • The position of each element of the application as well as any other structures on the site must be indicated on the site plan. • Services, including electricity supply cables (indicate aboveground or underground), water supply pipelines, boreholes, sewage pipelines, storm water infrastructure and access roads that will form part of the development <u>must</u> be indicated on the site plan. • Servitudes and an indication of the purpose of each servitude must be indicated on the site plan. • Sensitive environmental elements within 100m of the site must be included on the site plan, including (but not limited to): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Watercourses / Rivers / Wetlands - including the 32 meter set back line from the edge of the bank of a river/stream/wetland; ○ Flood lines (<i>i.e.</i>, 1:100 year, 1:50 year and 1:10 year where applicable); ○ Ridges; ○ Cultural and historical features; ○ Areas with indigenous vegetation (even if degraded or infested with alien species). • Whenever the slope of the site exceeds 1:10, a contour map of the site must be submitted. • North arrow <p>A map/site plan must also be provided at an appropriate scale, which superimposes the proposed development and its associated structures and infrastructure on the environmental sensitivities of the preferred and alternative sites indicating any areas that should be avoided, including buffer areas.</p> <p>The GIS shape file for the site development plan(s) must be submitted digitally.</p>
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6. SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Colour photographs of the site and its surroundings (taken on the site and taken from outside the site) with a description of each photograph. The vantage points from which the photographs were taken must be indicated on the site plan, or locality plan as applicable. If available, please also provide a recent aerial photograph. Photographs must be attached as **Appendix C** to this report. The aerial photograph(s) should be supplemented with additional photographs of relevant features on the site. Date of photographs must be included. Please note that the above requirements must be duplicated for all alternative sites.

SECTION B: DESCRIPTION OF THE RECEIVING ENVIRONMENT

Site/Area Description

For linear development proposals (pipelines, etc.) as well as development proposals that cover very large sites, it may be necessary to complete copies of this section for each part of the site that has a significantly different environment. In such cases please complete copies of Section B and indicate the area that is covered by each copy on the Site Plan.

1. GRADIENT OF THE SITE

Indicate the general gradient of the sites (highlight the appropriate box).

Flat	Flatter than 1:10	1:10 – 1:4	Steeper than 1:4
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2. LOCATION IN LANDSCAPE

(a) Indicate the landform(s) that best describes the site (highlight the appropriate box(es)).

Ridgeline	Plateau	Side-slope of hill / mountain	Closed valley	Open valley	Plain	Undulating plain/low-hills	Dune	Sea-front
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(b) Provide a description of the location in the landscape.

Erf 4912 is a fairly square piece of land (approximately 7234.2 m²) situated in Montague Gardens. The property is situated approximately 550 meters from the N7, on the west side of the N7 national road and approximately 9km north east of Cape Town. All land use within 500 meters radius of the proposed new factory are industrial.

3. GROUNDWATER, SOIL AND GEOLOGICAL STABILITY OF THE SITE

(a) Is the site(s) located on or near any of the following (highlight the appropriate boxes)?

Shallow water table (less than 1.5m deep)	YES	NO	UNSURE*
Seasonally wet soils (often close to water bodies)	YES	NO	UNSURE
Unstable rocky slopes or steep slopes with loose soil	YES	NO	UNSURE
Dispersive soils (soils that dissolve in water)	YES	NO	UNSURE
Soils with high clay content	YES	NO	UNSURE
Any other unstable soil or geological feature	YES	NO	UNSURE
An area sensitive to erosion	YES	NO	UNSURE
An area adjacent to or above an aquifer.	YES	NO	UNSURE
An area within 100m of a source of surface water	YES	NO	UNSURE
An area within 500m of a wetland	YES	NO	UNSURE
An area within the 1:50 year flood zone	YES	NO	UNSURE
A water source subject to tidal influence	YES	NO	UNSURE

*to be determined by specialist study

(b) If any of the answers to the above is "YES" or "UNSURE", specialist input may be requested by the Department. (Information in respect of the above will often be available at the planning sections of local authorities. The 1:50 000 scale Regional Geotechnical Maps prepared by Geological Survey may also be used).

(c) Indicate the type of geological formation underlying the site.

Granite	Shale	Sandstone	Quartzite	Dolomite	Dolerite	Other (describe)
Provide a description.						
<u>Soils</u> Soils with a diagnostic ferrihumic horizon, predominantly deep (Lamotte form)						
<u>Geology</u> Mainly Quaternary quartz sand of the Springfontein Formation; occasional ferricrete.						
*Source: Soils and Geology ENPAT, CapeFarmMapper, 26 February 2018						

4. SURFACE WATER

(a) Indicate the surface water present on and or adjacent to the site and alternative sites (highlight the appropriate boxes)?

Perennial River	YES	NO	UNSURE
Non-Perennial River	YES	NO	UNSURE
Permanent Wetland	YES	NO	UNSURE
Seasonal Wetland	YES	NO	UNSURE
Artificial Wetland	YES	NO	UNSURE
Estuarine / Lagoon	YES	NO	UNSURE

(b) Provide a description.

NA

1. THE SEAFRONT / SEA

(a) Is the site(s) located within any of the following areas? (highlight the appropriate boxes).

If the site or alternative site is closer than 100m to such an area, please provide the approximate distance in (m).

AREA	YES	NO	UNSURE	If "YES": Distance to nearest area (m)
An area within 100m of the high water mark of the sea	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within 100m of the high water mark of an estuary/lagoon	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within the littoral active zone	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area in the coastal public property	YES	NO	UNSURE	
Major anthropogenic structures	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within a Coastal Protection Zone	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area seaward of the coastal management line	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within the high risk zone (20 years)	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within the medium risk zone (50 years)	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within the low risk zone (100 years)	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area below the 5m contour	YES	NO	UNSURE	
An area within 1km from the high water mark of the sea	YES	NO	UNSURE	
A rocky beach	YES	NO	UNSURE	
A sandy beach	YES	NO	UNSURE	

(b) If any of the answers to the above is "YES" or "UNSURE", specialist input may be requested by the Department. (The 1:50 000 scale Regional Geotechnical Maps prepared by Geological Survey may also be used).

6. BIODIVERSITY

Note: The Department may request specialist input/studies depending on the nature of the biodiversity occurring on the site and potential impact(s) of the proposed development. To assist with the identification of the biodiversity occurring on site and the ecosystem status, consult <http://bgis.sanbi.org> or BGIShelp@sanbi.org. Information is also available on compact disc ("cd") from the Biodiversity-GIS Unit, Tel.: (021) 799 8698. This information may be updated from time to time and it is the applicant/ EAP's responsibility to ensure that the latest version is used. A map of the relevant biodiversity information (including an indication of the habitat conditions as per (b) below) must be provided as an overlay map on the property/site plan as **Appendix D** to this report.

- (a) Highlight the applicable biodiversity planning categories of all areas on preferred and alternative sites and indicate the reason(s) provided in the biodiversity plan for the selection of the specific area as part of the specific category. Also describe the prevailing level of protection of the Critical Biodiversity Area ("CBA") and Ecological Support Area ("ESA") (how many hectares / what percentages are formally protected).

Systematic Biodiversity Planning Category	CBA	ESA	Other Natural Area ("ONA")	No Natural Area Remaining ("NNR")
If CBA or ESA, indicate the reason(s) for its selection in biodiversity plan and the conservation management objectives	NA			
Describe the site's CBA/ESA quantitative values (hectares/percentage) in relation to the prevailing level of protection of CBA and ESA (how many hectares / what percentages are formally protected locally and in the province)	NA			

- (b) Highlight and describe the habitat condition on site.

Habitat Condition	Percentage of habitat condition class (adding up to 100%) and area of each in square metre (m ²)		Description and additional comments and observations (including additional insight into condition, e.g. poor land management practises, presence of quarries, grazing/harvesting regimes, etc.)
Natural	0%	0m ²	There are no natural vegetation or formal gardens but a large open grassy area at the back of the site has some grass and alien invasive species. The erf is Area 7234.2 square meters in size and is only 1688 square meters of this is not built on. The 1688 square meters is a small grassy area with scattered alien invasive plants. The site is an industrial site with existing industrial buildings.
Near Natural (includes areas with low to moderate level of alien invasive plants)	0%	0m ²	
Degraded (includes areas heavily invaded by alien plants)	20%	1688m ²	
Transformed (includes cultivation, dams, urban, plantation, roads, etc.)	80%	7234m ²	

- (c) Complete the table to indicate:
 (i) the type of vegetation present on the site, including its ecosystem status; and
 (ii) whether an aquatic ecosystem is present on/or adjacent to the site.

Terrestrial Ecosystems	Description of Ecosystem, Vegetation Type, Original Extent, Threshold (ha, %), Ecosystem Status	
Ecosystem threat status as per the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)	Critically	Historically the sites had Cape Flats Sand Fynbos present. Although the area was historically Cape Flats Sand Fynbos, the industrial area was transformed and built up many years ago. See Appendix 1 and 2.
	Endangered	
	Vulnerable	
	Least Threatened	There are no natural vegetation or formal gardens but a large open grassy area at the back of the site has some grass and alien invasive species. The erf is Area 7234.2 square meters in size and is only 1688 square meters of this is not built on. The 1688 square meters is a small grassy area with scattered alien invasive plants. The site is an industrial site with existing industrial buildings.

Aquatic Ecosystems						
Wetland (including rivers, depressions, channelled and unchannelled wetlands, flats, seeps pans, and artificial wetlands)			Estuary		Coastline	

- (d) Provide a description of the vegetation type and/or aquatic ecosystem present on the site, including any important biodiversity features/information identified on the site (e.g. threatened species and special habitats). Clearly describe the biodiversity targets and management objectives in this regard.

There are no natural vegetation or formal gardens but a large open grassy area at the back of the site has some grass and alien invasive species. The erf is Area 7234.2 square meters in size and is only 1 688 square meters of this is not built on. The 1 688 square meters is a small grassy area with scattered alien invasive plants. The site is an industrial site with existing industrial buildings.

7. LAND USE OF THE SITE

Note: The Department may request specialist input/studies depending on the nature of the land use character of the area and potential impact(s) of the proposed development.

Untransformed area	Low density residential	Medium density residential	High density residential	Informal residential
Retail	Commercial & warehousing	Light industrial	Medium industrial	Heavy industrial
Power station	Office/consulting room	Military or police base/station/compound	Casino/entertainment complex	Tourism and Hospitality facility
Open cast mine	Underground mine	Spoil heap or slimes dam	Quarry, sand or borrow pit	Dam or reservoir
Hospital/medical centre	School	Tertiary education facility	Church	Old age home
Sewage treatment plant	Train station or shunting yard	Railway line	Major road (4 lanes and more)	Airport
Harbour	Sport facilities	Golf course	Polo fields	Filling station
Landfill or waste treatment site	Plantation	Agriculture	River, stream or wetland	Nature conservation area
Mountain, koppie or ridge	Museum	Historical building	Graveyard	Archaeological site
Other land uses (describe):	There are no natural vegetation or formal gardens but a large open grassy area at the back of the site has some grass and alien invasive species.			

- (a) Provide a description.

There is currently one main entrance to the site, situated on the north western side along Bolt Avenue. There is a further entrance to the site from the adjacent neighboring property on the southern side of the premises.

The site consists of two buildings which are linked by a covered walkway. The smaller of the buildings is a two-floor structure that comprises offices, ablutions and a small kitchenette. At the time of the site inspection it was found to be vacant. Damage was noted to the ceilings and electrical systems in the building, apparently as a result of historical illegal occupation by vagrants.

The larger second building is currently vacant and comprises two large warehouses, ablutions, electrical distribution and substation and some offices.

There is a cement paved area as you enter the property from the entrance on Bolt Avenue, which gives access via a tarred drive to the rear of the premises along the northeastern perimeter. There is a paved area that has sustained some damage on the southwestern side of the property, adjacent to the Eskom transformers, which are contained behind a locked fenced off area adjacent to the southwestern entrance to the property. There are no natural vegetation or formal gardens but a large open grassy area at the back of the site has some grass and alien invasive species.

It appears from the building plans that the buildings were constructed in 1991.

8. LAND USE CHARACTER OF THE SURROUNDING AREA

- (a) Highlight the current land uses and/or prominent features that occur within +/- 500m radius of the site and neighbouring properties if these are located beyond 500m of the site.

Note: The Department may request specialist input/studies depending on the nature of the land use character of the area and potential impact(s) of the proposed development.

Untransformed area	Low density residential	Medium density residential	High density residential	Informal residential
Retail	Commercial & warehousing	Light industrial	Medium industrial	Heavy industrial
Power station	Office/consulting room	Military or police base/station/compound	Casino/entertainment complex	Tourism and Hospitality facility
Open cast mine	Underground mine	Spoil heap or slimes dam	Quarry, sand or borrow pit	Dam or reservoir
Hospital/medical centre	School	Tertiary education facility	Church	Old age home
Sewage treatment plant	Train station or shunting yard	Railway line	Major road (4 lanes and more)	Airport
Harbour	Sport facilities	Golf course	Polo fields	Filling station
Landfill or waste treatment site	Plantation	Agriculture	River, stream or wetland	Nature conservation area
Mountain, koppie or ridge	Museum	Historical building	Graveyard	Archaeological site
Other land uses (describe):	NA			

- (b) Provide a description, including the distance and direction to the nearest residential area, industrial area, agri-industrial area.

- Residential area – Milnerton – 600 m
- Industrial area – Montague gardens – 0km

9. SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS

- a) Describe the existing social and economic characteristics of the community in the vicinity of the proposed site, in order to provide baseline information (for example, population characteristics/demographics, level of education, the level of employment and unemployment in the area, available work force, seasonal migration patterns, major economic activities in the local municipality, gender aspects that might be of relevance to this project, etc.).

Municipal Area

Zest is located 8km north east of Cape Town and falls within the jurisdiction of the Cape Town Metropolitan Municipality (CTMM). CTMM covers an approximate area of 2.461 km². The Municipal Area consists mostly of extensive farming and natural veld.

Population Size:

The population size of CTMM is approximately 4.004.793 and it includes the towns of Athlone, Atlantis, Belhar, Bellville, Blackheath, Blouberg and Kuils River as well as the rural areas adjacent to and between these towns. 67.7% of the persons in the Cape Town area are English speaking and 22.5% Afrikaans speaking.

Household Income

In 2011, households with an annual income of R20, 000 – R40, 000 accounted for the largest concentration of households (16%).

Cape Town Municipality has a large number of people receiving some or other form of grant. Some people receive more than one grant, for example a disability or old age grant and a child support grant.

Socio-Economics:

The Cape Town Municipality is committed to the social and economic development of the people in the area. Housing for the poor continues to be one of the biggest problems faced in the Cape Town area. As reported in the Cape Town Municipality Annual Report 2015/16 the Municipal Council has made provision in its budgets to develop capitalize on housing opportunities. Cape Town households receive very good municipal services and most of the households use electricity for heating, cooking and lighting. Service delivery to the poor in informal settlements or households living in backyards of the City's rental stock continues to be a major challenge for the municipality. If this is to be addressed meaningfully, location of some settlements must be relative to bulk infrastructure, increasing capacity especially electricity supply where infrastructure does exist.

Employment

In 2016, The average unemployment rate in Cape Town was 26.5% according to the Quarterly Labour Force Survey 2017. The labour force is classified into four main categories namely, high skilled, skilled, low skilled and unspecified. Low skill occupations are defined as individuals employed in elementary occupations; skilled occupations include clerks, service workers, skilled agricultural and fishery workers, craft and related trades workers as well as plant and machine operators and assemblers. The high skilled category includes legislators, senior officials and managers, professionals, technicians and associate professionals.

Employment Industries

Various types of economic activities can be found within the Cape Town Local Municipality area of which the biggest sector is finance, insurance, business services (36.1%) followed by manufacturing (16.1%). The smallest sectors include agriculture (9.7%) and construction (4.15)

Source: * Five-year integrated development plan July 2017 – June 2022

10. HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL ASPECTS

- (a) Please be advised that if section 38 of the NHRA is applicable to your proposed development, you are requested to furnish this Department with written comment from Heritage Western Cape as part of your public participation process. Heritage Western Cape must be given an opportunity, together with the rest of the I&APs, to comment on any Pre-application BAR, a Draft BAR, and Revised BAR.

Section 38 of the NHRA states the following:

"38. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (7), (8) and (9), any person who intends to undertake a development categorised as-

- (a) the construction of a road, wall, power line, pipeline, canal or other similar form of linear development or barrier exceeding 300m in length;*
- (b) the construction of a bridge or similar structure exceeding 50m in length;*
- (c) any development or other activity which will change the character of a site-*
 - (i) exceeding 5 000m² in extent; or*
 - (ii) involving three or more existing erven or subdivisions thereof; or*
 - (iii) involving three or more erven or divisions thereof which have been consolidated within the past five years; or*
 - (iv) the costs of which will exceed a sum set in terms of regulations by SAHRA or a provincial heritage resources authority;*
- (d) the re-zoning of a site exceeding 10 000m² in extent; or*
- (e) any other category of development provided for in regulations by SAHRA or a provincial heritage resources authority,*

must at the very earliest stages of initiating such a development, notify the responsible heritage resources authority and furnish it with details regarding the location, nature and extent of the proposed development".

- (b) The impact on any national estate referred to in section 3(2), excluding the national estate contemplated in section 3(2)(i)(vi) and (vii), of the NHRA, must also be investigated, assessed and evaluated. Section 3(2) states the following: *"3(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the national estate may include—*

- (a) places, buildings, structures and equipment of cultural significance;*
- (b) places to which oral traditions are attached or which are associated with living heritage;*
- (c) historical settlements and townscapes;*
- (d) landscapes and natural features of cultural significance;*
- (e) geological sites of scientific or cultural importance;*
- (f) archaeological and palaeontological sites;*
- (g) graves and burial grounds, including—*

- (i) ancestral graves;
- (ii) royal graves and graves of traditional leaders;
- (iii) graves of victims of conflict;
- (iv) graves of individuals designated by the Minister by notice in the Gazette;
- (v) historical graves and cemeteries; and
- (vi) other human remains which are not covered in terms of the Human Tissue Act, 1983 (Act No. 65 of 1983);

(h) sites of significance relating to the history of slavery in South Africa;

(i) movable objects, including—

- (i) objects recovered from the soil or waters of South Africa, including archaeological and paleontological objects and material, meteorites and rare geological specimens;
- (ii) objects to which oral traditions are attached or which are associated with living heritage;
- (iii) ethnographic art and objects;
- (iv) military objects;
- (v) objects of decorative or fine art;
- (vi) objects of scientific or technological interest; and
- (vii) books, records, documents, photographic positives and negatives, graphic, film or video material or sound recordings, excluding those that are public records as defined in section 1(xiv) of the National Archives of South Africa Act, 1996 (Act No. 43 of 1996)".

Is Section 38 of the NHRA applicable to the proposed development?	YES	NO	UNCERTAIN
If YES or UNCERTAIN, explain:	Section 38 of the National Heritage Resources Act, 1999 (Act No. 25 of 1999), is NOT applicable to the proposed development as no re zoning is required and the development will not change the character of the site.		
Will the development impact on any national estate referred to in Section 3(2) of the NHRA?	YES	NO	UNCERTAIN
If YES or UNCERTAIN, explain:	The development will not impact on any national estate referred to in section 3(2) of the National Heritage Resources Act, 1999 or impact on any building or structure older than 60 years in any way.		
Will any building or structure older than 60 years be affected in any way?	YES	NO	UNCERTAIN
If YES or UNCERTAIN, explain:	NA		
Are there any signs of culturally or historically significant elements, as defined in section 2 of the NHRA, including Archaeological or paleontological sites, on or close (within 20m) to the site?	YES	NO	UNCERTAIN
If YES or UNCERTAIN, explain:	NA		

Note: If uncertain, the Department may request that specialist input be provided **and** Heritage Western Cape must provide comment on this aspect of the proposal. (Please note that a copy of the comments obtained from the Heritage Resources Authority must be appended to this report as Appendix E1).

11. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION, POLICIES, CIRCULARS AND/OR GUIDELINES

(a) Identify all legislation, policies, plans, guidelines, spatial tools, municipal development planning frameworks, and instruments that are applicable to the development proposal and associated listed activity(ies) being applied for and that have been considered in the preparation of the BAR.

LEGISLATION, POLICIES, PLANS, GUIDELINES, SPATIAL TOOLS, MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING FRAMEWORKS, AND INSTRUMENTS	ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY and how it is relevant to this application	TYPE Permit/license/authorisation/comment / relevant consideration (e.g. rezoning or consent use, building plan approval, Water Use License and/or General Authorisation, License in terms of the SAHRA and CARA, coastal discharge permit, etc.)	DATE (if already obtained):
National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) [NEMA] and relevant regulations	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	Environmental Authorisation Application	NA

Western Cape Land Use Planning Act, 2014 ("LUPA")	City of Cape Town Municipality	NA	NA
National Water Act, 1998 (Act No. 36 of 1998) [NWA] and relevant regulations	Department of Water and Sanitation	NA	NA
National Heritage Resources Act 25 of 1999 [NHRA]	Heritage Western Cape South African Heritage Resource Agency	NA	NA
National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) [NEMWA] and relevant regulations	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	NA	NA
National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act 10 of 2004 [NEMBA]	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	NA	NA
National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 39 Of 2004 [NEMAQA] and Relevant Regulations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Odour control: Compliance to the ("NEMAQA") Section 5. • Noise control: Compliance to the ("NEMAQA") Section 34. 	CoCT	AEL	To be submitted
Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 43 Of 1983 [CARA]	National Department of Agriculture, forestry and Fisheries Western Cape Department of Agriculture	Weeds and the tolerance thereof.	NA
National Health Act, 61 of 2003 [NHA]		Littering and causing a nuisance.	NA
Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996		General application to individual rights of all on and adjacent to the sites.	NA
Fencing Act, 31 of 1963		NA	NA
National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act 103 of 1977 [NBRBSA] and relevant regulations		NA	NA
National Veld and Forest Fire Act 101 of 1998 [NVFFA]		NA	NA
Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies And Stock Remedies Act, 36 Of 1947 [FFFARSRA] and Relevant Regulations	National Department of Agriculture, forestry and Fisheries Western Cape Department of Agriculture	NA	NA
Compliance in terms of Chapter IX of the City of Cape Town Air Quality Management By-law dated 17 August 2016: Section 26: Dust Emissions and compliance in terms of the Section 32 of ("NEMAQA") National Dust Regulations No. 827 of 1 November 2013.	CoCT	NA	NA

POLICY/ GUIDELINES	ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY
Guideline on Public Participation	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
Guidelines on Alternatives	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
Guideline on Need and desirability	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
Guideline for Environmental Management Plans (EMP's)	Western Cape Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning

(b) Describe how the proposed development **complies with and responds** to the legislation and policy context, plans, guidelines, spatial tools, municipal development planning frameworks and instruments.

LEGISLATION / POLICY / GUIDELINE	DESCRIBE HOW THE LEGISLATION / POLICY / GUIDELINE WERE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT (e.g. describe the extent to which it was adhered to, or deviated from, etc).
NEMA	Various general activities, including but not limited to, the control of emergency incidents and the care and remediation of environmental damage.
NEMWA	Listed waste management activities and the requirements for a license for usage of general waste.
NEMBA	The management and conservation of biological diversity and the sustainable use of indigenous biological resources.
NEMAQA	Activities that may affect the air quality on site and the environment surrounding it.
NWA	Impacts and pollution to ground and surface water. Assessed if a water use authorisation under section 21 is required.
CARA	Weeds and the tolerance thereof.
National Health Act	Littering and causing a nuisance.
Constitution of the RSA	General application to individual rights of all on and adjacent to the sites.
Fencing Act	The erection and maintenance of fences.
National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act	The erection of new buildings.
NHRA	Development of the site and dealing with graves and burial sites and any structures older than 60 years.
NVFFA	Any activities that could result in the start of veld fires.
FFARSRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Activities associated with pest control and the use of agricultural remedies. Activities associated with providing / manufacturing fertiliser.
Guideline on Public Participation	The public participation guideline was used to determine the best way to define and inform all relevant I&APs of the project. The guideline was also used to determine the most effective communication strategies for public participation.
Guidelines on Alternatives	The guidelines for alternatives assessment was used to develop a methodology for alternatives assessment. This methodology was applied to determine and assess the most viable alternatives to the project. The assessment was undertaken against the base environment (i.e. the no-go option).
Guideline on Need and desirability	The guideline was taken into account to determine whether the project complied according to the concept of Best Practicable Environmental Option as well as environmental and social sustainability.
Guideline for EMP's	The guideline for EMP's was taken into account to determine the most effective minimize, mitigation and management measures to minimise or prevent the impacts identified in the report
The City of Cape Town Policy on the Management of Stormwater Impacts (2009)	Will be applicable to this development as the site is larger than 4000m ² .

Note: Copies of any comments, permit(s) or licences received from any other Organ of State must be attached to this report as **Appendix E**.

Section C: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The PPP must fulfil the requirements outlined in the NEMA, the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended) and if applicable, the NEM: WA and/or the NEM: AQA. This Department's Circular EADP 0028/2014 (dated 9 December 2014) on the "One Environmental Management System" and the EIA Regulations, any subsequent Circulars, and guidelines must also be taken into account.

1. Please highlight the appropriate box to indicate whether the specific requirement was undertaken or whether there was an exemption applied for.

In terms of Regulation 41 of the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended) -			
(a) fixing a notice board at a place conspicuous to and accessible by the public at the boundary, on the fence or along the corridor of -			
(i) the site where the activity to which the application relates, is or is to be undertaken; and	YES	EXEMPTION	
(ii) any alternative site	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
(b) giving written notice, in any manner provided for in Section 47D of the NEMA, to -			
(i) the occupiers of the site and, if the applicant is not the owner or person in control of the site on which the activity is to be undertaken, the owner or person in control of the site where the activity is or is to be undertaken or to any alternative site where the activity is to be undertaken;	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
(ii) owners, persons in control of, and occupiers of land adjacent to the site where the activity is or is to be undertaken or to any alternative site where the activity is to be undertaken;	YES	EXEMPTION	
(iii) the municipal councillor of the ward in which the site or alternative site is situated and any organisation of ratepayers that represent the community in the area;	YES	EXEMPTION	
(iv) the municipality (Local and District Municipality) which has jurisdiction in the area;	YES	EXEMPTION	
(v) any organ of state having jurisdiction in respect of any aspect of the activity; and	YES	EXEMPTION	
(vi) any other party as required by the Department;	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
(c) placing an advertisement in -			
(i) one local newspaper; or	YES	EXEMPTION	
(ii) any official Gazette that is published specifically for the purpose of providing public notice of applications or other submissions made in terms of these Regulations;	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
(d) placing an advertisement in at least one provincial newspaper or national newspaper, if the activity has or may have an impact that extends beyond the boundaries of the metropolitan or district municipality in which it is or will be undertaken	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
(e) using reasonable alternative methods, as agreed to by the Department, in those instances where a person is desirous of but unable to participate in the process due to— (i) illiteracy; (ii) disability; or (iii) any other disadvantage.	YES	EXEMPTION	N/A
If you have indicated that "EXEMPTION" is applicable to any of the above, proof of the exemption decision must be appended to this report.			
Please note that for the NEM: WA and NEM: AQA, a notice must be placed in at least two newspapers circulating in the area where the activity applied for is proposed.			
If applicable, has/will an advertisement be placed in at least two newspapers?	YES		NO
If "NO", then proof of the exemption decision must be appended to this report.			

2. Provide a list of all the State Departments and Organs of State that were consulted:

State Department / Organ of State	Date request was sent:	Date comment received:	Support / not in support
DEA&DP Pollution Management	A copy of this report will be sent to these state departments / organs of state.	NA	NA
DEA&DP Waste Management			
DEA&DP Air Pollution			
Department of Health			
Department of Water and Sanitation			
City of Cape Town			

3. Provide a summary of the issues raised by I&APs and an indication of the manner in which the issues were incorporated, or the reasons for not including them.
(The detailed outcomes of this process, including copies of the supporting documents and inputs must be included in a Comments and Response Report to be attached to the BAR (see note below) as **Appendix F**).

None as of yet. A copy of this report will be circulated.

4. Provide a summary of any conditional aspects identified / highlighted by any Organs of State, which have jurisdiction in respect of any aspect of the relevant activity.

None as of yet. A copy of this report will be circulated.

Note:

Even if pre-application public participation is undertaken as allowed for by Regulation 40(3), it must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements set out in Regulations 3(3), 3(4), 3(8), 7(2), 7(5), 19, 40, 41, 42, 43 and 44.

If the "exemption" option is selected above and no proof of the exemption decision is attached to this BAR, the application will be refused.

A list of all the potential I&APs, including the Organs of State, notified and a list of all the registered I&APs must be submitted with the BAR. The list of registered I&APs must be opened, maintained and made available to any person requesting access to the register in writing.

The BAR must be submitted to the Department when being made available to I&APs, including the relevant Organs of State and State Departments which have jurisdiction with regard to any aspect of the activity, for a commenting period of at least 30 days. Unless agreement to the contrary has been reached between the Competent Authority and the EAP, the EAP will be responsible for the consultation with the relevant State Departments in terms of Section 24O and Regulation 7(2) – which consultation must happen simultaneously with the consultation with the I&APs and other Organs of State.

All the comments received from I&APs on the BAR must be recorded, responded to and included in the Comments and Responses Report included as **Appendix F** of the BAR. If necessary, any amendments made in response to comments received must be effected in the BAR itself. The Comments and Responses Report must also include a description of the PPP followed.

The minutes of any meetings held by the EAP with I&APs and other role players wherein the views of the participants are recorded, must also be submitted as part of the public participation information to be attached to the final BAR as **Appendix F**.

Proof of all the notices given as indicated, as well as notice to I&APs of the availability of the Pre-Application BAR (if applicable), Draft BAR, and Revised BAR (if applicable) must be submitted as part of the public participation information to be attached to the BAR as **Appendix F**. In terms of the required "proof" the following must be submitted to the Department:

- a site map showing where the site notice was displayed, a dated photographs showing the notice displayed on site and a copy of the text displayed on the notice;
- in terms of the written notices given, a copy of the written notice sent, as well as:
 - if registered mail was sent, a list of the registered mail sent (showing the registered mail number, the name of the person the mail was sent to, the address of the person and the date the registered mail was sent);
 - if normal mail was sent, a list of the mail sent (showing the name of the person the mail was sent to, the address of the person, the date the mail was sent, and the signature of the post office worker or the post office stamp indicating that the letter was sent);
 - if a facsimile was sent, a copy of the facsimile report;
 - if an electronic mail was sent, a copy of the electronic mail sent; and
 - if a "mail drop" was done, a signed register of "mail drops" received (showing the name of the person the notice was handed to, the address of the person, the date, and the signature of the person); and
- a copy of the newspaper advertisement ("newspaper clipping") that was placed, indicating the name of the newspaper and date of publication (of such quality that the wording in the advertisement is legible).

SECTION D: NEED AND DESIRABILITY

Note: Before completing this section, first consult this Department's Circular EADP 0028/2014 (dated 9 December 2014) on the "One Environmental Management System" and the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended), any subsequent Circulars, and guidelines available on the Department's website: <http://www.westerncape.gov.za/eadp>. In this regard, it must be noted that the *Guideline on Need and Desirability in terms of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations, 2010* published by the national Department of Environmental Affairs on 20 October 2014 (GN No. 891 on Government Gazette No. 38108 refers) (available at: http://www.gov.za/sites/www.gov.za/files/38108__891.pdf) also applied to EIAs in terms of the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended).

1. Is the development permitted in terms of the property's existing land use rights?	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
Currently zoned industrial.			
2. Will the development be in line with the following?			
(a) Provincial Spatial Development Framework ("PSDF").	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is in line with the PSDF as it will all happen within existing warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
(b) Urban edge / edge of built environment for the area.	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is inside the urban edge.			
(c) Integrated Development Plan and Spatial Development Framework of the Local Municipality (e.g., would the approval of this application compromise the integrity of the existing approved and credible municipal IDP and SDF ?).	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
Is in line with the CoCT IDP as it is an existing industrial site. The proposed activity and infrastructure is in line with the PSDF as it will all happen within existing warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial. In line with the approved Cape Town Spatial Development Framework and the Blaauwberg District Plan.			
(d) An Environmental Management Framework ("EMF") adopted by this Department. (e.g., Would the approval of this application compromise the integrity of the existing environmental management priorities for the area and if so, can it be justified in terms of sustainability considerations?)	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
An Environmental Management Framework, as contained in the Blaauwberg District Plan was adopted by Minister A. Bredal (PN 297/2013), dated 13 September 2013.			
(e) Any other Plans (e.g., Integrated Waste Management Plan (for waste management activities), etc.).	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
NA			
3. Is the land use (associated with the project being applied for) considered within the timeframe intended by the existing approved SDF agreed to by the relevant environmental authority (in other words, is the proposed development in line with the projects and programmes identified as priorities within the credible IDP)?	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is in line with the PSDF as it will all happen within existing warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
4. Should development, or if applicable, expansion of the town/area concerned in terms of this land use (associated with the activity being applied for) occur on the proposed site at this point in time?	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is in line with the PSDF as it will all happen within existing warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
5. Does the community/area need the project and the associated land use concerned (is it a societal priority)? (This refers to the strategic as well as local level (e.g., development is a National Priority, but within a specific local context it could be inappropriate.)	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
Although will create additional jobs during construction and operational phase.			
6. Are the necessary services available together with adequate unallocated municipal capacity (at the time of application), or must additional capacity be created to cater for the project? (Confirmation by the relevant municipality in this regard must be attached to the BAR as Appendix E .)	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The site is currently a warehouse storage facility for surrounding industrial sites. The City of Cape Town currently already supplies the site with waste removal, electricity, water and sanitation services.			
7. Is this project provided for in the infrastructure planning of the municipality and if not, what will the implication be on the infrastructure planning of the municipality (priority and placement of services and opportunity costs)? (Comment by the relevant municipality in this regard must be attached to the BAR as Appendix E .)	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is proposed on an existing industrial site that consists of warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
8. Is this project part of a national programme to address an issue of national concern or importance?	YES	<input type="radio"/>	Please explain
Industrial development.			

9. Do location factors favour this land use (associated with the development proposal and associated listed activity(ies) applied for) at this place? (This relates to the contextualisation of the proposed land use on the proposed site within its broader context.)	YES	NO	Please explain
The proposed activity and infrastructure is proposed on an existing industrial site that consists of warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
10. Will the development proposal or the land use associated with the development proposal applied for, impact on sensitive natural and cultural areas (built and rural/natural environment)?	YES	NO	Please explain
No sensitive features on site. Paved surface. The proposed activity and infrastructure is proposed on an existing industrial site that consists of warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
11. Will the development impact on people's health and well-being (e.g., in terms of noise, odours, visual character and 'sense of place', etc.)?	YES	NO	Please explain
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Noise in line with legal requirements and site is situated on an existing industrial site surrounded by industrial properties. Odours may emanate from the proposed development should the levels of chemicals exceed allowable limits. Visual character and sense of place will not be impacted on as it is an existing industrial site. 			
12. Will the proposed development or the land use associated with the proposed development applied for, result in unacceptable opportunity costs?	YES	NO	Please explain
The proposed development will connect to existing infrastructure and will not impact on any sensitive features.			
13. What will the cumulative impacts (positive and negative) of the proposed land use associated with the development proposal and associated listed activity(ies) applied for, be?			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Employment opportunities - Positive Disturbance to subsurface geological layers Soil and ground water pollution Storm water pollution Emissions and air quality Odours Noise Increase traffic 			
14. Is the development the best practicable environmental option for this land/site?	YES	NO	Please explain
No sensitive features on site. Paved surface. The proposed activity and infrastructure is proposed on an existing industrial site that consists of warehousing on the area that is zoned industrial.			
15. What will the benefits be to society in general and to the local communities?	Please explain		
Provision of jobs.			
16. Any other need and desirability considerations related to the proposed development?	Please explain		
None.			
17. Describe how the general objectives of Integrated Environmental Management as set out in Section 23 of the NEMA have been taken into account:			
<p>The general principles as set out in Section 2 of NEMA are implemented as described below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The potential impacts for both the construction and the operational phase have been identified in this report – this allows for the appropriate management and mitigation measures to be identified and implemented where and when necessary to prevent environmental degradation and promote sustainability. All decisions during the planning and assessment by all involved for the activity promote the integration of the principles of environmental management set out in Section 2 to minimize and mitigate any significant effect on the environment. All these mitigations and management measures were included as proposed EA conditions and included in the EMP. All involved in the planning and design identify, predict and evaluate the actual and potential impact on the environment, socio-economic conditions and cultural heritage. The risks and consequences and alternatives and options for mitigation of activities, with a view to minimising negative impacts, maximising benefits, and promoting compliance with the principles of environmental management set out in Section 2 were taken in consideration and used in the assessments, mitigations and recommendations throughout this report. Adequate and appropriate opportunity for public participation was provided and included in Appendix F as per the guidelines and regulations in decisions that may affect the environment. The consideration of environmental attributes in management and decision making which may have a significant effect on the environment was ensured. The modes of environmental management best 			

suited to ensure that a particular activity is pursued in accordance with the principles of environmental management set out in Section 2, was identified and employed. Refer to section below.

18 Describe how the **principles of environmental management** as set out in Section 2 of the NEMA have been taken into account:

A full public participation as described in the legislation and guidelines will be/ is followed. The proposed development will not have a significant impact on biodiversity. The proposed development is situated within an existing urban edge and will not disturb the landscape and sites that constitute the nation's cultural heritage. The proposed development will not exceed or exploit renewable resource to an extent that they reach a level beyond which their integrity is jeopardised. The proposed development will not have a significant environmental impact and it is recommended that the Environmental Management Programme be adhered to accordingly.

SECTION E: DETAILS OF ALL THE ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Note: Before completing this section, first consult this Department's Circular EADP 0028/2014 (dated 9 December 2014) on the "One Environmental Management System" and the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended), any subsequent Circulars, and guidelines available on the Department's website <http://www.westerncape.gov.za/eadp>.

The EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended) defines "alternatives" as "in relation to a proposed activity, means different means of fulfilling the general purpose and requirements of the activity, which may include alternatives to the—

(a) property on which or location where the activity is proposed to be undertaken;

(b) type of activity to be undertaken;

(c) design or layout of the activity;

(d) technology to be used in the activity; or

(e) operational aspects of the activity;

(f) and includes the option of not implementing the activity;"

The NEMA (section 24(4)(a) and (b) of the NEMA, refers) prescribes that the procedures for the investigation, assessment and communication of the potential consequences or impacts of activities on the environment must, *inter alia*, with respect to every application for environmental authorisation –

- ensure that the general objectives of integrated environmental management laid down in the NEMA and the National Environmental Management Principles set out in the NEMA are taken into account; and
- include an investigation of the potential consequences or impacts of the alternatives to the activity on the environment and assessment of the significance of those potential consequences or impacts, including the option of not implementing the activity.

The general objective of integrated environmental management (section 23 of NEMA, refers) is, *inter alia*, to "identify, predict and evaluate the actual and potential impact on the environment, socio-economic conditions and cultural heritage, the risks and consequences and alternatives and options for mitigation of activities, with a view to minimising negative impacts, maximising benefits, and promoting compliance with the principles of environmental management" set out in the NEMA.

The identification, evaluation, consideration and comparative assessment of alternatives directly relate to the management of impacts. Related to every identified impact, alternatives, modifications or changes to the activity must be identified, evaluated, considered and comparatively considered to:

- in terms of negative impacts, firstly avoid a negative impact altogether, or if avoidance is not possible alternatives to better mitigate, manage and remediate a negative impact and to compensate for/offset any impacts that remain after mitigation and remediation; and
- in terms of positive impacts, maximise impacts.

1. DETAILS OF THE IDENTIFIED AND CONSIDERED ALTERNATIVES AND INDICATE THOSE ALTERNATIVES THAT WERE FOUND TO BE FEASIBLE AND REASONABLE

Note: A full description of the investigation of alternatives must be provided and motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exists.

- (a) Property and **location/site** alternatives to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

Number 13 Bolt Avenue was assessed as an alternative site, however the sale of the land fell through and the site is no longer a feasible alternative as the applicant does not own or have access to the site. No other location or site alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable location or site alternative exists. Staybond (Pty) Ltd, who is the applicants Property Development partner is in the process of purchasing the site. Staybond (Pty) Ltd will then be Zests landlord, if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. Zest will only take occupation if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. The site and location are favourable as it is zoned industrial and is an existing industrial site.

- (b) **Activity** alternatives to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

No other activity alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable activity alternative exists other than the no-go option. This activity is the primary business of Zest Polyurethanes and their specific speciality. It would not be feasible for the applicant to conduct another activity.

Mitigation measures contained in the EMP are included to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts of the proposed activity.

- (c) **Design or layout** alternatives to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

The design took into consideration the volumes to be processed. The layout has been informed by specialists and engineer inputs. Alternative A was an initial conceptualisation and is not the preferred alternative as it does not allow for the turning of vehicles.

- (d) **Technology** alternatives (e.g., to reduce resource demand and increase resource use efficiency) to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

The technological alternatives are the use of electricity and water wise technologies and green tips considered during the construction and operational phases. These include dual flush toilet systems and energy efficient lighting.

Furthermore 2 technology alternatives were identified:

Alternative 1 - Preferred

Bunding of above ground storage of dangerous goods will have a bund wall that is in accordance with the requirements of SANS 0089 part 1.

Belowground storage in accordance with SANS 1535.

Alternative 2

No bunding for above ground storage of dangerous goods

Belowground storage in NOT accordance with relevant SANS standards.

- (e) **Operational** alternatives to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

No operational alternatives were considered as the proposed activity is to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets.

- (f) The option of **not implementing** the activity (the 'No-Go' Option):

The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently; industrial warehousing.

A look at the Need and Desirability as manifested in the local SDF supports the proposed development on the identified site due to provision of jobs. The proposed development will provide temporary jobs to the community during the construction phase and permanent jobs during the operational phase.

- (g) **Other** alternatives to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts, or detailed motivation if no reasonable or feasible alternatives exist:

No additional alternatives to avoid negative impacts were considered.

- (h) Provide a **summary** of all alternatives investigated and the outcome of each investigation:

Location alternatives - Number 13 Bolt Avenue was assessed as an alternative site, however the sale of the land fell through and the site is no longer a feasible alternative as the applicant does not own or have access to the site. No other location or site alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable location or site alternative exists. Staybond (Pty) Ltd, who is the applicants Property Development partner is in the process of purchasing the site. Staybond (Pty) Ltd will then be Zests landlord, if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. Zest will only take occupation if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. The site and location are favourable as it is zoned industrial and is an existing industrial site.

Activity alternatives - No other activity alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable activity alternative exists other than the no-go option. This activity is the primary business of Zest Polyurethanes and their specific speciality. It would not be feasible for the applicant to conduct another activity.

Mitigation measures contained in the EMP are included to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts of the proposed activity.

Layout alternatives – The design took into consideration the volumes to be processed. The layout has been informed by specialists and engineer inputs. Alternative A was an initial conceptualisation and is not the preferred alternative as it does not allow for the turning of vehicles.

Technology alternatives – The technological alternatives are the use of electricity and water wise technologies and green tips considered during the construction and operational phases. These include dual flush toilet systems and energy efficient lighting.

Furthermore 2 technology alternatives were identified:

Alternative 1- Preferred

Bunding of above ground storage of dangerous goods will have a bund wall that is in accordance with the requirements of SANS 0089 part 1.

Belowground storage in accordance with SANS 1535.

Alternative 2

No bunding for above ground storage of dangerous goods

Belowground storage in NOT accordance with relevant SANS standards.

Operational alternatives – No operational alternatives were considered as the proposed activity is to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets.

The No-Go Option- The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently, industrial warehousing. A look at the Need and Desirability as manifested in the local SDF supports the proposed development on the identified site due to provision of jobs. The proposed development will provide temporary jobs to the community during the construction phase and permanent jobs during the operational phase.

- (i) Provide a detailed **motivation for not further considering** the alternatives that were found not feasible and reasonable, including a description and proof of the investigation of those alternatives:

Location alternatives – Number 13 Bolt Avenue was assessed as an alternative site, however the sale of the land fell through and the site is no longer a feasible alternative as the applicant does not own or have access to the site. No other location or site alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable location or site alternative exists. Staybond (Pty) Ltd, who is the applicants Property Development partner is in the process of purchasing the site. Staybond (Pty) Ltd will then be Zests landlord, if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. Zest will only take occupation if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. The site and location are favourable as it is zoned industrial and is an existing industrial site.

Activity alternatives - No other activity alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable activity alternative exists other than the no-go option. This activity is the primary business of Zest Polyurethanes and their specific speciality. It would not be feasible for the applicant to conduct another activity.

Mitigation measures contained in the EMPr are included to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts of the proposed activity.

Layout alternatives – The design took into consideration the volumes to be processed. The layout has been informed by specialists and engineer inputs. Alternative A was an initial conceptualisation and is not the preferred alternative as it does not allow for the turning of vehicles.

Technology alternatives – The technological alternatives are the use of electricity and water wise technologies and green tips considered during the construction and operational phases. These include dual flush toilet systems and energy efficient lighting.

Furthermore 2 technology alternatives were identified:

Alternative 1 - Preferred

Bundling of above ground storage of dangerous goods will have a bund wall that is in accordance with the requirements of SANS 0089 part 1.

Belowground storage in accordance with SANS 1535.

Alternative 2

No bunding for above ground storage of dangerous goods

Belowground storage in NOT accordance with relevant SANS standards.

Operational alternatives – No operational alternatives were considered as the proposed activity is to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets.

The No-Go Option- The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently; industrial warehousing. A look at the Need and Desirability as manifested in the local SDF supports the proposed development on the identified site due to provision of jobs. The proposed development will provide temporary jobs to the community during the construction phase and permanent jobs during the operational phase.

2. PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE

- (a) Provide a **concluding statement** indicating the preferred alternative(s), including preferred location, site, activity and technology for the development.

Location alternatives – Number 13 Bolt Avenue was assessed as an alternative site, however the sale of the land fell through and the site is no longer a feasible alternative as the applicant does not own or have access to the site. No other location or site alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable location or site alternative exists. Staybond (Pty) Ltd, who is the applicants Property Development partner is in the process of purchasing the site. Staybond (Pty) Ltd will then be Zests landlord, if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. Zest will only take occupation if the Environmental Authorisation is granted. The site and location are favourable as it is zoned industrial and is an existing industrial site.

Activity alternatives - No other activity alternatives were assessed as no feasible or reasonable activity alternative exists other than the no-go option. This activity is the primary business of Zest Polyurethanes and their specific speciality. It would not be feasible for the applicant to conduct another activity.

Mitigation measures contained in the EMP are included to avoid negative impacts, mitigate unavoidable negative impacts and maximise positive impacts of the proposed activity.

Layout alternatives – The design took into consideration the volumes to be processed. The layout has been informed by specialists and engineer inputs. Alternative A was an initial conceptualisation and is not the preferred alternative as it does not allow for the turning of vehicles.

Technology alternatives – The technological alternatives are the use of electricity and water wise technologies and green tips considered during the construction and operational phases. These include dual flush toilet systems and energy efficient lighting.

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Operational alternatives – No operational alternatives were considered as the proposed activity is to manufacture a variety of solvent based coatings for the local and international retail and industrial markets.

The No-Go Option- The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently; industrial warehousing. A look at the Need and Desirability as manifested in the local SDF supports the proposed development on the identified site due to provision of jobs. The proposed development will provide temporary jobs to the community during the construction phase and permanent jobs during the operational phase.

SECTION F: ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ALTERNATIVES

Note: The information in this section must be DUPLICATED for all the feasible and reasonable ALTERNATIVES.

1. DESCRIBE THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT AND ITS ALTERNATIVES, FOCUSING ON THE FOLLOWING:

(a) Geographical, geological and physical aspects:

<p>The proposed action will not have an adverse effect on topography and slopes.</p> <p>However, the proposed development will be a potential source of contamination to the underlying soil and groundwater in the event of a pollution incident emanating from the storage of dangerous goods underground.</p> <p>However, if operational mitigation measures are implemented, the proposed development should not lead to the contamination of soil and ground water.</p>

(b) Ecological aspects:

<p>Will the proposed development and its alternatives have an impact on CBAs or ESAs? If yes, please explain: Also include a description of how the proposed development will influence the quantitative values (hectares/percentage) of the categories on the CBA/ESA map.</p>	YES	NO
NA		
<p>Will the proposed development and its alternatives have an impact on terrestrial vegetation, or aquatic ecosystems (wetlands, estuaries or the coastline)? If yes, please explain:</p>	YES	NO
NA		
<p>Will the proposed development and its alternatives have an impact on any populations of threatened plant or animal species, and/or on any habitat that may contain a unique signature of plant or animal species? If yes, please explain:</p>	YES	NO
NA		
Describe the manner in which any other biological aspects will be impacted:		
NA		
<p>Will the proposed development also trigger section 63 of the NEM: ICMA?</p>	YES	NO
<p>If yes, describe the following:</p> <p>(i) the extent to which the applicant has in the past complied with similar authorisations;</p> <p>(ii) whether coastal public property, the coastal protection zone or coastal access land will be affected, and if so, the extent to which the proposed development proposal or listed activity is consistent with the purpose for establishing and protecting those areas;</p> <p>(iii) the estuarine management plans, coastal management programmes, coastal management lines and coastal management objectives applicable in the area;</p> <p>(iv) the likely socio-economic impact if the listed activity is authorised or is not authorised;</p> <p>(v) the likely impact of coastal environmental processes on the proposed development;</p> <p>(vi) whether the development proposal or listed activity—</p> <p>(a) is situated within coastal public property and is inconsistent with the objective of conserving and enhancing coastal public property for the benefit of current and future generations;</p> <p>(b) is situated within the coastal protection zone and is inconsistent with the purpose for which a coastal protection zone is established as set out in section 17 of NEM: ICMA;</p> <p>(c) is situated within coastal access land and is inconsistent with the purpose for which coastal access land is designated as set out in section 18 of NEM: ICMA;</p> <p>(d) is likely to cause irreversible or long-lasting adverse effects to any aspect of the coastal environment that cannot satisfactorily be mitigated;</p> <p>(e) is likely to be significantly damaged or prejudiced by dynamic coastal processes;</p> <p>(f) would substantially prejudice the achievement of any coastal management objective; or</p> <p>(g) would be contrary to the interests of the whole community;</p> <p>(vii) whether the very nature of the proposed activity or development requires it to be located within coastal public property, the coastal protection zone or coastal access land;</p> <p>(viii) whether the proposed development will provide important services to the public when using coastal public property, the coastal protection zone, coastal access land or a coastal protected area; and</p> <p>(ix) the objects of NEM: ICMA, where applicable.</p>		
NA		

(c) Social and Economic aspects:

What is the expected capital value of the project on completion?	R unknown at this stage
What is the expected yearly income or contribution to the economy that will be generated by or as a result of the project?	R unknown at this stage
Will the project contribute to service infrastructure?	YES NO
Is the project a public amenity?	YES NO
How many new employment opportunities will be created during the development phase?	unknown at this stage
What is the expected value of the employment opportunities during the development phase?	R unknown at this stage
What percentage of this will accrue to previously disadvantaged individuals?	unknown at this stage %
How will this be ensured and monitored (please explain):	
unknown at this stage	
How many permanent new employment opportunities will be created during the operational phase of the project?	unknown at this stage
What is the expected current value of the employment opportunities during the first 10 years?	R unknown at this stage
What percentage of this will accrue to previously disadvantaged individuals?	unknown at this stage %
How will this be ensured and monitored (please explain):	
unknown at this stage	
Any other information related to the manner in which the socio-economic aspects will be impacted:	
NA	

(d) Heritage and Cultural aspects:

NA

2. WASTE AND EMISSIONS

(a) Waste (including effluent) management

Will the development proposal produce waste (including rubble) during the development phase?	YES	NO
If yes, indicate the types of waste (actual type of waste, e.g. oil, and whether hazardous or not) and estimated quantity per type?	Approx.. 25m ³	
Construction waste will be generated. Construction waste will consist of inert waste, and waste generated when the buildings are painted. Construction waste will be disposed at a licensed waste disposal facility.		
Will the development proposal produce waste during its operational phase?	YES	NO
If yes, indicate the types of waste (actual type of waste, e.g. oil, and whether hazardous or not) and estimated quantity per type?	See appendix k4 - m ³	
See Appendix K4 for estimates of operational waste		
Will the development proposal require waste to be treated / disposed of on site?	YES	NO
If yes, indicate the types of waste (actual type of waste, e.g. oil, and whether hazardous or not) and estimated quantity per type per phase of the proposed development to be treated/disposed of?	NA m ³	
NA		
If no, where and how will the waste be treated / disposed of? Please explain. Indicate the types of waste (actual type of waste, e.g. oil, and whether hazardous or not) and estimated quantity per type per phase of the proposed development to be treated/disposed of?	Appendix K4 - m ³	
Licensed waste disposal facility		
Has the municipality or relevant authority confirmed that sufficient capacity exists for treating / disposing of the waste to be generated by the development proposal? If yes, provide written confirmation from the municipality or relevant authority.	YES	NO
Will the development proposal produce waste that will be treated and/or disposed of at another facility other than into a municipal waste stream?	YES	NO

If yes, has this facility confirmed that sufficient capacity exists for treating / disposing of the waste to be generated by the development proposal? Provide written confirmation from the facility.	YES	NO
Does the facility have an operating license? (If yes, please attach a copy of the licence.)	YES	NO
Facility name:		
Contact person:		
Cell:	Postal address:	
Telephone:	Postal code:	
Fax:	E-mail:	

Describe the measures that will be taken to reduce, reuse or recycle waste: NA

(b) Emissions into the atmosphere

Will the development proposal produce emissions that will be released into the atmosphere?	YES	NO
If yes, does this require approval in terms of relevant legislation?	YES	NO
If yes, what is the approximate volume(s) of emissions released into the atmosphere?	Unknown	m ³

Describe the emissions in terms of type and concentration and how these will be avoided/managed/treated/mitigated:

ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS

Volatile organic compound (VOC) will be emitted due to the presence of a large number of chemical constituents, commonly associated with paint manufacturing, including n-Hexane, Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene and Xylene. All of the airborne contaminant concentrations will be kept below the respective Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL's). It is likely that Ethanol, Ethyl benzene and Xylene will be the chemicals with the highest concentrations. Dichloromethane, a substance with a Control Limit will also be emitted.

Concentrations from a similar facility:

Substance	Total Sample Time (out of 480 min)	TWA Concentration (mg/m ³)
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Gasses C1-C4	347	0.03
Ethanol	347	9.79
n-Hexane	347	0.03
Ethyl acetate	347	0.06
2-Methylhexane	347	0.02
3-Methylhexane	347	0.03
Benzene	347	0.02
n-Heptane	347	0.27
Toluene	347	0.24
Dichloromethane	347	0.19
n-Butyl acetate	347	0.11
Ethyl benzene	347	6.81
Xylene	347	25.92
Propyl benzene	347	0.03
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.04
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.11
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	347	0.04
n-Octane	347	0.19
n-Nonane	347	0.18
n-Decane	347	0.13
2-Propanol	347	0.52
1-Butanol	347	3.27
Isobutanol	347	0.71
2-Pentanol	347	0.80
White Spirits	347	1.59

Local exhaust ventilation system with extraction points

3. WATER USE

(a) Indicate the source(s) of water for the development proposal by highlighting the appropriate box(es).

Municipal	Water board	Groundwater	River, Stream, Dam or Lake	Other	The project will not use water
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Note: Provide proof of assurance of water supply (e.g. Letter of confirmation from the municipality / water user associations, yield of borehole)

It is anticipated that approximately 6000liters would need required monthly.

(b) If water is to be extracted from a groundwater source, river, stream, dam, lake or any other natural feature, please indicate the volume that will be extracted per month:	NA	m ³
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(c) Does the development proposal require a water use permit / license from DWS?	YES	NO
If yes, please submit the necessary application to the DWS and attach proof thereof to this application as an Appendix.		

(d) Describe the measures that will be taken to reduce water demand, and measures to reuse or recycle water:

Energy efficient technologies (e.g. the use of low voltage or compact fluorescent lights instead of incandescent globes, maximising the use of solar heating, etc.) that could be implemented for the proposed development.

Considering that South Africa is a water scarce country and that many catchments in the Western Cape are already water stressed, consider implementing the use of water saving devices and technologies (e.g. dual flush toilets, low-flow shower heads and taps, etc.) for the proposed development.

4. POWER SUPPLY

(a) Describe the source of power e.g. municipality / Eskom / renewable energy source.

The Electricity Department confirmed that the site is supplied with electricity by Eskom and not the City of Cape Town. As such, comment must be obtained from Eskom with regards to sufficient power availability.

(b) If power supply is not available, where will power be sourced?

NA

5. ENERGY EFFICIENCY

(a) Describe the design measures, if any, that have been taken to ensure that the development proposal will be energy efficient:

Energy efficient technologies (e.g. the use of low voltage or compact fluorescent lights instead of incandescent globes, maximising the use of solar heating, etc.) that could be implemented for the proposed development.

(b) Describe how alternative energy sources have been taken into account or been built into the design of the project, if any:

NA

6. TRANSPORT, TRAFFIC AND ACCESS

Describe the impacts in terms of transport, traffic and access.

It is not anticipated that that the proposed development will have a significant impact on traffic as the number of additional trips generated will not be significant.

7. NUISANCE FACTOR (NOISE, ODOUR, etc.)

Describe the potential nuisance factor or impacts in terms of noise and odours.

- Noise due to construction machinery during the construction/development phase. Construction machinery may cause noise disturbance to the directly adjacent land users/ owners. It is not anticipated that the noise will be considerable and will only be temporary. Noise due to construction activities is unlikely to cause a nuisance to adjacent residential areas (approximately 600m away).
- Noise due to industrial activities on site during operational phase (process equipment, trucks etc.). Noise due to operational activities is unlikely to cause a nuisance to adjacent residential areas (approximately 600m away).
- Odours/emissions will cause a nuisance should chemical levels exceed allowable limits.

Note: Include impacts that the surrounding environment will have on the proposed development.

8. OTHER

Volatile organic compound (VOC) will be emitted due to the presence of a large number of chemical constituents, commonly associated with paint manufacturing, including n-Hexane, Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene and Xylene. All of the airborne contaminant concentrations will be kept below the respective Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL's). It is likely that Ethanol, Ethyl benzene and Xylene will be the chemicals with the highest concentrations. Dichloromethane, a substance with a Control Limit will also be emitted. An Air Quality Study needs to be undertaken to provide more detail.

SECTION G: IMPACT ASSESSMENT, IMPACT AVOIDANCE, MANAGEMENT, MITIGATION AND MONITORING MEASURES

1. METHODOLOGY USED IN DETERMINING AND RANKING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ALTERNATIVES

(a) Describe the **methodology** used in determining and ranking the nature, significance consequences, extent, duration and probability of potential environmental impacts and risks associated with the proposed development and alternatives.

Criteria	Description		
Nature	a description of what causes the effect, what will be affected, and how it will be affected.		
	Type	Score	Description
Extent (E)	None (No)	1	Footprint
	Site (S)	2	On site or within 100 m of the site
	Local (L)	3	Within a 20 km radius of the centre of the site
	Regional (R)	4	Beyond a 20 km radius of the site
	National (Na)	5	Crossing provincial boundaries or on a national / land wide scale
Duration (D)	Short term (S)	1	0 – 1 years
	Short to medium (S-M)	2	2 – 5 years
	Medium term (M)	3	5 – 15 years
	Long term (L)	4	> 15 years
	Permanent (P)	5	Will not cease
Magnitude (M)	Small (S)	0	will have no effect on the environment
	Minor (Mi)	2	will not result in an impact on processes
	Low (L)	4	will cause a slight impact on processes
	Moderate (Mo)	6	processes continuing but in a modified way
	High (H)	8	processes are altered to the extent that they temporarily cease
	Very high (VH)	10	results in complete destruction of patterns and permanent cessation of processes.
Probability (P) the likelihood of the impact actually occurring. Probability is	Very improbable (VP)	1	probably will not happen
	Improbable (I)	2	some possibility, but low likelihood
	Probable (P)	3	distinct possibility

estimated on a scale, and a score assigned	Highly probable (HP)	4	most likely
	Definite (D)	5	impact will occur regardless of any prevention measures
Significance (S)	Determined through a synthesis of the characteristics described above: S = (E+D+M) x P Significance can be assessed as low, medium or high		
Low: < 30 points:	The impact would not have a direct influence on the decision to develop in the area		
Medium: 30 – 60 points:	The impact could influence the decision to develop in the area unless it is effectively mitigated		
High: < 60 points:	The impact must have an influence on the decision process to develop in the area		
No significance	When no impact will occur or the impact will not affect the environment		
Status	Positive (+)		Negative (-)
The degree to which the impact can be reversed	Completely reversible (R)	90-100%	The impact can be mostly to completely reversed with the implementation of the correct mitigation and rehabilitation measures.
	Partly reversible (PR)	6-89%	The impact can be partly reversed providing that mitigation measures as stipulated in the EMP are implemented and rehabilitation measures are undertaken
	Irreversible (IR)	0-5%	The impact cannot be reversed, regardless of the mitigation or rehabilitation measures taking place
The degree to which the impact may cause irreplaceable loss of resources	Resource will not be lost (R)	1	The resource will not be lost or destroyed provided that mitigation and rehabilitation measures as stipulated in the EMP are implemented
	Resource may be partly destroyed (PR)	2	Partial loss or destruction of the resources will occur even though all management and mitigation measures as stipulated in the EMP are implemented
	Resource cannot be replaced (IR)	3	The resource cannot be replaced no matter which management or mitigation measures are implemented.
The degree to which the impact can be mitigated	Completely mitigatable (CM)	1	The impact can be completely mitigated providing that all management and mitigation measures as stipulated in the EMP are implemented
	Partly mitigatable (PM)	2	The impact cannot be completely mitigated even though all management and mitigation measures as stipulated in the EMP are implemented. Implementation of these measures will provide a measure of mitigatability
	Un-mitigatable (UM)	3	The impact cannot be mitigated no matter which management or mitigation measures are implemented.

(b) Please describe any gaps in knowledge.

EAP is only knowledgeable with regards to the environmental and ecosystems aspects.

(c) Please describe the underlying assumptions.

In undertaking the investigation and compiling this report, the following has been assumed:

- The information provided by the client is accurate and unbiased;
- The scope of this investigation is to assess the direct and cumulative environmental impacts associated with the development; and
- Should the proposed project be authorised, the applicant will incorporate the recommendations and mitigation measures outlined in this BAR, the EMP and the EA into the detailed design and construction contract specifications and operational management system for the proposed project.

(d) Please describe the uncertainties.

None at this stage.

(e) Describe adequacy of the assessment methods used.

Based on the EAP's assessment information was provided to address the concerns and assess the impacts of the proposed development on the environment. Information as provided by the applicant and as collected by the EAP during site surveys etc. has been used to inform the current development proposals.

2. IDENTIFICATION, ASSESSMENT AND RANKING OF IMPACTS TO REACH THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES INCLUDING THE PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE WITHIN THE SITE

Note: In this section the focus is on the identified issues, impacts and risks that influenced the identification of the alternatives. This includes how aspects of the receiving environment have influenced the selection.

(a) List the identified impacts and risks for each alternative.

Alternative 1:	<p><u>DEVELOPMENT PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); <p><u>OPERATIONAL PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (Low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Emissions and air quality (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with-mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Odours (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); <p><u>DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 1 - PREFERRED</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Soil and ground water pollution (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
Alternative 2:	<p><u>DEVELOPMENT PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and medium impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); <p><u>OPERATIONAL PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and high impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (High impact before mitigation and high impact with mitigation measures); • Emissions and air quality (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with-mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Odours (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); <p><u>DECOMMISSIONING AND CLOSURE PHASE- ALTERNATIVE 2</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disturbance to subsurface geological layers (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Soil and ground water pollution (High impact before mitigation and High impact with mitigation measures); • Storm water pollution (Medium impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Increase in jobs (positive) • Increase in traffic (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures); • Noise (low impact before mitigation and low impact with mitigation measures);
No-go Alternative:	No impacts, site to remain as is currently (warehousing).

(b) Describe the impacts and risks identified for each alternative, including the nature, significance, consequence, extent, duration and probability of the impacts, including the degree to which these impacts can be reversed; may cause irreplaceable loss of resources; and can be avoided, managed or mitigated.

The following table serves as a guide for summarising each alternative. The table should be repeated for each alternative to ensure a comparative assessment. (The EAP has to select the relevant impacts identified in blue in the table below for each alternative and repeat the table for each impact and risk).

Note: The EAP may decide to include this section as Appendix J to the BAR.

PLEASE SEE – APPENDIX J.

(c) Provide a summary of the site selection matrix.

Only one site was identified as a feasible site.

(d) Outcome of the site selection matrix.

Only one site was identified as a feasible site.

3. SPECIALIST INPUTS/STUDIES, FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Note: Specialist inputs/studies must be attached to this report as **Appendix G** and must comply with the content requirements set out in Appendix 6 of the EIA Regulations, 2014 (as amended). Also take into account the Department's Circular EADP 0028/2014 (dated 9 December 2014) on the "One Environmental Management System" and the EIA Regulations, 2014, any subsequent Circulars, and guidelines available on the Department's website (<http://www.westerncape.gov.za/eadp>).

Provide a summary of the findings and impact management measures identified in any specialist report and an indication of how these findings and recommendations have been included in the BAR.

No specialist studies available at this stage.

1. A geohydrological study must be undertaken and the suggested scope is:
The Geohydrological study must include but not limited to the following:

- A full description of the geology/subsurface
- A full geohydrology description (aquifer classification, aquifer vulnerability, recharge characterization/quantification, current groundwater quality);
- Borehole hydrocensus within a 300m radius of the site must be carried in order to determine potential recipients of groundwater contamination around development.
- Contaminant Risk assessment (with description of potential pollutants);
- Waste water management plan (inclusive of a water balance);
- Groundwater Quality Monitoring Plan.

2. As Category 6 (above) be triggered, a specialist Air Quality Study is required

- The Air Dispersion Modelling utilised in the Specialist Study must comply with the Regulations regarding Air Dispersion Modelling (Regulation no: 533 dated 11 July 2014).
- The Emissions Dispersion Modelling of all emission sources must be conducted under maximum consumption rate and production capacity and must take into account upset conditions in order to determine and evaluate the impact on air quality and the environment.
- It is imperative that the atmospheric dispersion modelling (ADM) is undertaken to conform to the following requirements:
 - i. Sufficient information must be provided to the Authorities to allow for a full understanding of the results and how they were derived.
 - ii. A description of the input data, including source of data, validity of data and any assumptions must be provided.
 - iii. An electronic copy of all input files required to run the model must be provided together with a hard or electronic copy of the output text file.
 - iv. Various scenarios must be modelled i.e. background existing conditions, normal and abnormal operating conditions as well as high or low production scenarios where applicable.
 - v. All plotted contours must be overlaid onto a current aerial photograph or topographic map or a street map.
 - vi. Time series plots must also be provided to further support how the conclusions of compliance have been reached.
 - vii. The source site and closest sensitive receptors must be highlighted. Residential areas can also be shown as a single receptor.
 - viii. The scale selected should show all relevant ground level impacts. It must be shown as part of the output, either as labelled axes or as a separate scale bar.
 - ix. A discussion on the accuracy of the results and comparison with appropriate standards must be provided according to the various averaging periods that are applicable.
 - x. Details of the ambient background levels of pollutants that were used and their source must be provided.

xi. The impact of the proposed operations on the ambient air quality must be demonstrated under normal and abnormal conditions

- This Study will be required to assess and model the cumulative impact of all appliances and activities on ambient air quality and ground level air pollution concentrations.
- It is recommended that the Department of Environmental Affairs & Development Planning's (DEADP) model ready data sets for CALPUFF be utilised, in order to model the impact of emissions on the ambient air quality. Kindly contact Mr Bhawoodien Parker via email: Bhawoodien.Parker@westerncape.gov.za and/or phone (021) 483-4628, for any further enquiries in this regard.

3. DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT

- The site may potentially be declared a Major Hazardous Installation, and this must be determined.
- A comprehensive Risk Assessment relating to all on-site activities must be conducted by a competent specialist along with an emergency plan indicating how the risks will be mitigated and managed.

4. Other Studies – See appendix K 3

5. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

Provide an environmental impact statement of the following:

(i) A summary of the key findings of the EIA.		
<p>Impacts</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Employment opportunities - Positive 2. Disturbance to subsurface geological layers 3. Soil and ground water pollution 4. Storm water pollution 5. Emissions and air quality 6. Increase in traffic 7. Noise 8. Odours <p>Most impacts are rated low after mitigation. The preferred alternative with ensures underground storage tanks are designed and installed according to SANS standards as well as bunding for above ground tanks to SANS standards ensures soil, ground water and storm water are protected from pollution.</p> <p>The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently a storage warehouse facility for an industrial site.</p>		
(ii) Has a map of appropriate scale been provided, which superimposes the proposed development and its associated structures and infrastructure on the environmental sensitivities of the preferred site, indicating any areas that should be avoided, including buffers?	YES	NO
(iii) A summary of the positive and negative impacts that the proposed development and alternatives will cause in the environment and community.		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Employment opportunities - Positive 2. Disturbance to subsurface geological layers 3. Soil and ground water pollution 4. Storm water pollution 5. Emissions and air quality 6. Increase in traffic 7. Noise 8. Odours <p>Most impacts are rated low after mitigation. The preferred alternative with ensures underground storage tanks are designed and installed according to SANS standards as well as bunding for above ground tanks to SANS standards ensures soil, ground water and storm water are protected from pollution.</p>		

The No-Go option will result in the site remaining as is presently a storage warehouse facility for an industrial site.

6. IMPACT MANAGEMENT, MITIGATION AND MONITORING MEASURES

- (a) Based on the assessment, describe the impact management, mitigation and monitoring measures as well as the impact management objectives and impact management outcomes included in the EMP. The EMP must be attached to this report as Appendix H.

The key mitigation measure is impact avoidance. Where adverse impacts cannot reasonably be prevented, construction should be managed through the effective implementation of the Construction EMP. Please refer to the EMP for more details on the mitigation and management measures.

- Emissions – monitoring of OELs
- Odour – complaints register
- Noise – monitoring
- Underground tank in accordance with relevant SANS standard

*See specifics in EMP

- (b) Describe any provisions for the adherence to requirements that are prescribed in a Specific Environmental Management Act relevant to the listed activity or specified activity in question.

Not applicable.

- (c) Describe the ability of the applicant to implement the management, mitigation and monitoring measures.

The applicant is ultimately responsible for the implementation of the EMP and the financial cost of all environmental control measures. In accordance with the requirements of the EMP, the applicant must ensure that any person acting on their behalf complies with the conditions / specifications contained in this EMP. In addition, an Environmental Control Officer would be appointed as the onsite implementing agent and would have the responsibility to ensure that their responsibilities are executed in compliance with the EMP. Thus, the applicant has the ability to implement the recommended management, mitigation, and monitoring measures, as appropriate.

- (d) Provide the details of any financial provisions for the management of negative environmental impacts, rehabilitation and closure of the proposed development.

Not applicable.

- (e) Provide the details of any financial provisions for the management of negative environmental impacts, rehabilitation and closure of the proposed development.

Not applicable.

- (f) Describe any assumptions, uncertainties, and gaps in knowledge which relate to the impact management, mitigation and monitoring measures proposed.

EAP is only knowledgeable with regards to the environmental impacts, biodiversity and ecosystems aspects. GAPS include scientific consensus on emissions and odours emitted. In undertaking the investigation and compiling this report, the following has been assumed:

- The information provided by the client is accurate and unbiased;
- The scope of this investigation is to assess the direct and cumulative environmental impacts associated with the development; and
- Should the proposed project be authorised, the applicant will incorporate the recommendations and mitigation measures outlined in this BAR, the EMP and the EA into the detailed design and

construction contract specifications and operational management system for the proposed project.

SECTION H: RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE EAP AND SPECIALISTS

(a) In my view as the appointed EAP, the information contained in this BAR and the documentation attached hereto is sufficient to make a decision in respect of the listed activity(ies) applied for.	YES	NO
(b) If the documentation attached hereto is sufficient to make a decision, please indicate below whether, in your opinion, the listed activity(ies) should or should not be authorised:		
Listed activity(ies) should be authorised:	YES	NO
Provide reasons for your opinion		
All possible impacts on the environment have been assessed and can be mitigated and managed. The assessment did not lead to any fatal flaws if the development is approved, provided that the facility is operated in terms of all relevant applicable legislation and the EMPr management activities implemented.		
(c) Provide a description of any aspects that were conditional to the findings of the assessment by the EAP and Specialists which are to be included as conditions of authorisation.		
Compliance with EMPr.		
(d) If you are of the opinion that the activity should be authorised, please provide any conditions, including mitigation measures that should in your view be considered for inclusion in an environmental authorisation.		
Compliance with EMPr.		
(e) Please indicate the recommended periods in terms of the following periods that should be specified in the environmental authorisation:		
i. the period within which commencement must occur;	5 years from EA granted	
ii. the period for which the environmental authorisation is granted and the date on which the development proposal will have been concluded, where the environmental authorisation does not include operational aspects;	10 years	
iii. the period for which the portion of the environmental authorisation that deals with non-operational aspects is granted; and	10 years	
iv. the period for which the portion of the environmental authorisation that deals with operational aspects is granted.	Until Decommission or Closure	

SECTION I: APPENDICES

The following appendices must be attached to this report:

APPENDIX		Confirm that Appendix is attached
Appendix A:	Locality map	X
Appendix B:	Site development plan(s)	X
	A map of appropriate scale, which superimposes the proposed development and its associated structures and infrastructure on the environmental sensitivities of the preferred site, indicating any areas that should be avoided, including buffer areas;	X
Appendix C:	Photographs	X
Appendix D:	Biodiversity overlay map	X
Appendix E:	Permit(s) / license(s) from any other Organ of State, including service letters from the municipality.	Not available
	Appendix E1:	Copy of comment from HWC.
Appendix F:	Public participation information: including a copy of the register of I&APs, the comments and responses report, proof of notices, advertisements and any other public participation information as is required in Section C above.	X
Appendix G:	Specialist Report(s)	NA
Appendix H :	EMPr	X
Appendix I:	Additional information related to listed waste management activities (if applicable)	NA
Appendix J:	If applicable, description of the impact assessment process followed to reach the proposed preferred alternative within the site.	X
Appendix K:	Any Other (if applicable).	X

SECTION J: DECLARATIONS

Signed declarations to be included in Final BAR.